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HISTORY  
OF THE  
ROBINS  
ILLUSTRATED  
BY  
HARRISON WEIR





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THE ROBINS' NEST—PAGE 1.

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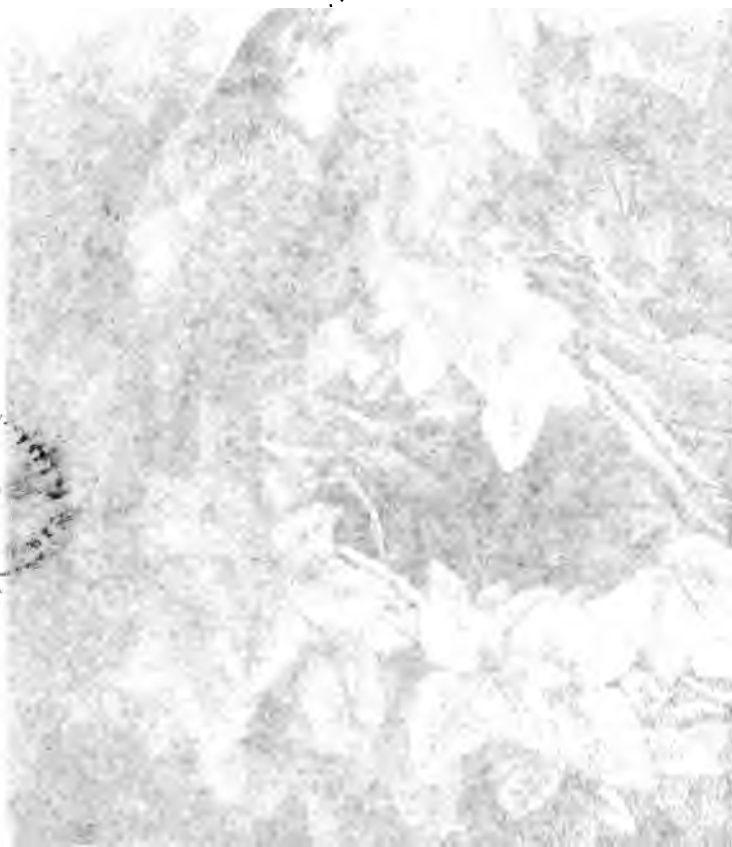
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2000





THE  
HISTORY OF THE ROBINS

*FOR THE INSTRUCTION OF CHILDREN ON THEIR  
TREATMENT OF ANIMALS.*

BY MRS. TRIMMER.

WITH TWENTY-FOUR ILLUSTRATIONS FROM DRAWINGS BY  
HARRISON WEIR.



LONDON  
GRIFFITH AND FARRAN  
SUCCESSORS TO NEWBERY AND HARRIS  
THE CORNER OF ST. PAUL'S CHURCHYARD.  
MDCCCLXIX.

250. e. 46.



## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS.

ENGRAVED BY J. GREENAWAY.

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# HISTORY OF THE ROBINS.

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## CHAPTER I.

*The Robins' Nest in the Orchard—Robin, Dicky, Flapsy, and Pecksy—The Court-Yard of the Mansion—Harriet and Frederick Benson.*



IN a hole, which time had made in a wall covered with ivy, a pair of red-breasts built their nest. No place could have been better chosen for the purpose ; it was sheltered from the rain, screened from the wind, and in an orchard belonging to a gentleman who had strictly charged his domestics not to destroy the labours of those little songsters who chose his ground as an asylum.

In this happy retreat, which no idle schoolboy dared to enter, the hen redbreast laid four eggs, and then took her seat upon them, resolving that nothing should tempt her to leave the nest

[illegible]



THE SKYLARK'S SONG—PAGE 3.



for any length of time till she had hatched her infant brood. Her tender mate every morning took her place while she picked up a hasty breakfast, and often, before he tasted any food himself, cheered her with a song.

At length the day arrived when the happy mother heard the chirping of her little ones ; with inexpressible tenderness she spread her maternal wings to cover them, threw out the egg-shells in which they before lay confined, then pressed them to her bosom, and presented them to her mate, who viewed them with rapture, and seated himself by her side, that he might share her pleasure.

‘We may promise ourselves much delight in rearing our little family,’ said he, ‘but it will occasion us a great deal of trouble ; I would willingly bear the whole myself, but it will be impossible for me, with my utmost labour and industry, to supply all our nestlings with what is sufficient for their daily support ; it will therefore be necessary for you to leave the nest sometimes, to seek provisions for them.’ She declared her readiness to do so, and said that there would be no necessity for her to be long absent, as she had discovered a place near the orchard where food was scattered on purpose for such birds as would take the pains of seeking it, and that she had been informed by a chaffinch that there was no kind of danger in picking it up. ‘This is a lucky discovery, indeed, for us,’ replied her mate ; ‘for this great increase of family renders it prudent to make use of every means for supplying our necessities ; I myself must take a larger circuit, for some insects that are proper for the nestlings cannot be found in all places : however, I will bear you company whenever it is in my power.’ The little ones now began to be hungry, and opened their gaping mouths for food, on which their kind father instantly



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THE SKYLARK'S SONG—PAGE 3.



flew forth to find it for them, and in turns supplied them all, as well as his beloved mate. This was a hard day's work, and when evening came on, he was glad to take repose, and tucking his head under his wing, he soon fell asleep ; his mate followed his example ; the four little ones had before fallen into a gentle slumber, and perfect quietness reigned in the nest for some hours.

The next morning they were awakened at the dawn of day by the song of a skylark, which had a nest near the orchard ; and as the young redbreasts were impatient for food, their father cheerfully prepared himself to renew his toil, requesting his mate to accompany him to the place she had mentioned. 'That I will do,' replied she ; 'but it is too early yet ; I must therefore beg that you will go by yourself and procure a breakfast for the little ones, as I am fearful of leaving the nestlings before the air is warmer, lest they should be chilled.' To this he readily consented, and fed all his little darlings, to whom, for the sake of distinction, I shall give the names of Robin, Dicky, Flapsy, and Pecksy. When this kind office was performed, he perched on a tree, and, while he rested, entertained his family with his melody, till his mate, springing from the nest, called him to attend her, on which he instantly took wing, and followed her to a court-yard belonging to a family mansion.

No sooner did the happy pair appear before the parlour window than it was hastily thrown up by Harriet Benson, a little girl about eleven years old, the daughter of the gentleman and lady to whom the house belonged.

Harriet, with great delight, called her brother to see two robin redbreasts, and she was soon joined by Frederick, a fine, chubby, rosy-checked boy, about six years of age, who, as soon as he had

taken a peep at the feathered strangers, ran to his mamma, and entreated her to give him something to feed them with. 'I must have a great piece of bread this morning,' said he; 'for there are all the sparrows and chaffinches that come every day, and two robin redbreasts besides.' 'Here is a piece for you, Frederick,' replied Mrs. Benson, cutting a loaf that was on the table; 'but if your daily pensioners continue to increase, as they have done lately, we must provide some other food for them, as it is not right to cut pieces from a loaf on purpose for birds, because there are many children who want bread, to whom we should give the preference. Would you deprive a poor little hungry boy of his breakfast to give it to birds?' 'No,' said Frederick, 'I would sooner give my own breakfast to a poor boy than he should go without; but where shall I get victuals enough for my birds? I will beg the cook to save the crumbs in the bread-pan, and desire John to preserve all he makes when he cuts the loaf for dinner, and those which are scattered on the table-cloth.' 'A very good scheme,' said Mrs. Benson; 'and I make no doubt it will answer your purpose, if you can prevail on the servants to indulge you. I cannot bear to see the least fragment of food wasted, which may contribute to the support of life in any creature.'

Harriet, being quite impatient to exercise her benevolence, requested her brother to remember that the poor birds, for whom he had been a successful solicitor, would soon fly away if he did not make haste to feed them, on which he ran to the window with his treasure in his hand.

When Harriet first appeared, the winged suppliants approached with eager expectation of the daily handful, which their kind benefactress made it a custom to distribute, and were surprised

at the delay of her charity. They hopped around the window, they chirped, they twittered, and employed all their little arts to gain attention, and were on the point of departing, when Frederick, breaking a bit from the piece he held in his hand, attempted to scatter it among them, calling out at the same time, Dicky, Dicky. On hearing the well-known sound, the little flock immediately drew near. Frederick begged that his sister would let him feed all the birds himself; but finding that he could not fling the crumbs far enough for the redbreasts, who, being strangers, kept at a distance, he resigned the task, and Harriet, with dexterous hand, threw some of them to the very spot where the affectionate pair stood, waiting for her notice, and with grateful hearts picked up the portion assigned them; and in the meanwhile, the other birds, being satisfied, flew away, and they were left alone. Frederick exclaimed with rapture that the two robin redbreasts were feeding! and Harriet thought of a plan of taming them by kindness. 'Be sure, my dear brother,' said she, 'not to forget to ask the cook and John for the crumbs, and do not let the least morsel of anything you have to eat fall to the ground. I will be careful in respect of mine, and we will collect all the crumbs that are made at the dinner-table; and, if we cannot by these means get enough, I will spend some of my money in grain for them.' 'Oh,' said Frederick, 'I would give all the money I have in the world to buy victuals for my dear, dear birds.' 'Stay, my love,' said Mrs. Benson; 'though I commend your humanity, I must remind you again that there are poor people as well as poor birds.' 'Well, mamma,' replied Frederick, 'I will only buy a little grain, then.' As he spake the last words, the redbreasts having finished their meal, the mother-bird expressed her impatience to return to the nest; and




having obtained her mate's consent, she repaired with all possible speed to her humble habitation, whilst he tuned his melodious pipe, and delighted their young benefactors with his music ; he then spread his wings, and took his flight to an adjoining garden, where he had a great chance of finding worms for his family.



## CHAPTER II.

*Feeding the young Robins—Robin and Dicky learn to sing.*

REDERICK BENSON expressed great concern that the robins were gone ; but was comforted by his sister, who reminded him that in all probability his new favourites, having met with so kind a reception, would return on the morrow. Mrs. Benson then bid them shut the window ; and, taking Frederick in her lap, and desiring Harriet to sit down by her, thus addressed them :—

‘I am delighted, my dear children, with your humane behaviour towards animals, and wish by all means to encourage it ; but let me recommend you not to suffer your tender feelings towards animals to gain upon you to such a degree as to make you unhappy, or forgetful of those who have a higher claim to your attention : I mean poor people—always keep in mind the distresses which they endure ; and on no account waste any kind of food, nor give to inferior creatures what is designed for mankind.’

Harriet promised to follow her mother’s instructions ; but Frederick’s attention was entirely engaged by watching a butterfly, which had just left the chrysalis, and was fluttering in the window, longing to try its wings in the air and sunshine. This Frederick was very desirous to catch, but his mother would not permit him

to attempt it, because, she told him, he could not well lay hold of its wings without doing it an injury, and it would be much happier at liberty. 'Should you like, Frederick,' said she, 'when you are going out to play, to have anybody lay hold of you violently, scratch you all over, then offer you something to eat which is very disagreeable, and perhaps poisonous, and shut you up in a little dark room? And yet this is the fate to which many a harmless insect is condemned by thoughtless children.' As soon as Frederick understood that he could not catch the butterfly without hurting it, he stopped at once and assured his mother he did not want to keep it, but only to carry it out of doors. 'Well,' replied she, 'that end may be answered by opening the window,' which at her desire was done by Harriet. The happy insect was glad to fly away, and Frederick soon had the pleasure of seeing it upon a rose.

Breakfast being ended, Mrs. Benson reminded the young lady and gentleman that it was almost time for their lessons to begin; but desired their maid to take them into the garden before they applied to business. During his walk, Frederick amused himself with watching the butterfly, as it flew from flower to flower, which gave him more pleasure than he could possibly have received from catching and confining the little tender creature.

Let us now see what became of our redbreasts after they left their young benefactors.

The hen-bird, as I informed you, repaired immediately to the nest; her heart fluttered with apprehension as she entered it, and she eagerly called out, 'Are you all safe, my little dears?' 'All safe, my good mother,' replied Pecksy; 'but a little hungry and very cold.' 'Well,' said she, 'your last complaint I can soon remove: but in respect to the satisfying your hunger, that must

be your father's task. However, he will soon be here, I make no doubt.' Then spreading her feathers over them all, she soon gave warmth to them, and they were again comfortable.

In a very short time her mate returned ; for he only stayed at Mr. Benson's to finish his song, and sip some clear water, which his new friends always kept where they fed the birds. He brought in his mouth a worm, which was given to Robin ; and was going to fetch one for Dicky, but his mate said, 'My young ones are now hatched, and you can keep them warm as well as myself ; take my place therefore, and the next excursion shall be mine.' 'I consent,' answered he ; 'because I think a little flying now and then will do you good ; but, to save you trouble, I can direct you to a spot where you may be certain of finding worms for this morning's supply.' He then described the place ; and on her quitting the nest he entered it, and gathered his young ones under his wings. 'Come, my dears,' said he, 'let us see what kind of nurse I can make ; but an awkward one, I fear. Even every mother-bird is not a good nurse ; but you are very fortunate in yours, for she is a most tender one, and I hope you will be dutiful for her kindness.' They all promised him they would. 'Well, then,' said he, 'I will sing you a song.' He did so, and it was a very merry one, and delighted the nestlings extremely ; so that, though they were not quite comfortable under his wings, they did not regard it, nor think the time of their mother's absence long. She had not succeeded in the place she first went to, as a boy was picking up worms to angle with, of whom she was afraid, and therefore flew farther ; but as soon as she had obtained what she went for, she returned with all possible speed : and though she had repeated invitations from several gay birds which she met to join their sportive parties, she

kept a steady course, preferring the pleasure of feeding little Dicky to all the diversions of the fields and groves. As soon as the hen-bird came near the nest, her mate started up to make room for her, and take his turn of providing for his family. 'Once more adieu !' said he, and was out of sight in an instant.

'My dear nestlings,' said the mother, 'how do you do?' 'Very well, thank you,' replied all at once. 'And we have been exceedingly merry,' said Robin, 'for my father has sung us a sweet song.' 'I think,' said Dicky, 'I should like to learn it.' 'Well,' replied the mother, 'he will teach it you, I daresay. Here he comes ; ask him.' 'I am ashamed,' said Dicky. 'Then you are a silly bird ; never be ashamed but when you commit a fault. Asking your father to teach you to sing is not one ; and good parents delight to teach their young ones everything that is proper and useful. Whatever so good a father sets you an example of, you may safely desire to imitate.' Then, addressing herself to her mate, who for an instant stopped at the entrance of the nest, that he might not interrupt her instructions, 'Am I not right,' said she, 'in what I have just told them?' 'Perfectly so,' replied he ; 'I shall have pleasure in teaching them all that is in my power ; but we must talk of that another time. Who is to feed poor Pecksy?' 'Oh, I, I,' answered the mother, and was gone in an instant.—'And so you want to learn to sing, Dicky?' said the father. 'Well, then, pray listen very attentively : you may learn the notes, though you will not be able to sing till your voice is stronger.'


Robin now remarked that the song was very pretty indeed, and expressed his desire to learn it also. 'By all means,' said his father ; 'I shall sing it very often, so you may learn it if you please.' 'For my part,' said Flapsy, 'I do not think I could have patience

to learn it ; it will take so much time.' 'Nothing, my dear Flapsy,' answered the father, 'can be acquired without patience, and I am sorry to find yours begin to fail you already ; but I hope, if you have no taste for music, that you will give the greater application to things that may be of more importance to you.' 'Well,' said Pecksy, 'I would apply to music with all my heart ; but I do not believe it possible for me to learn it.' 'Perhaps not,' replied her father ; 'but I do not doubt you will apply to whatever your mother requires of you ; and she is an excellent judge both of your talents and of what is suitable to your station in life. She is no songstress herself, and yet she is very clever, I assure you ;—here she comes.' Then rising to make room for her, 'Take your seat, my love,' said he, 'and I will perch upon the ivy.' The hen again covered her brood, whilst her mate amused her with his singing and conversation till the evening ; each parent bird flying out in turn to get food for their young ones.

In this manner several days passed with little variation ; the nestlings thriving, and daily gaining strength and knowledge, through the care of their indulgent parents, who every day visited their friends Frederick and Harriet Benson. Frederick had been successful with the cook and footman, from whom he obtained enough for his dear birds, as he called them, without robbing the poor ; and he was still able to produce a penny whenever his parents pointed out to him a proper object of charity.

### CHAPTER III.

*The Nestlings quarrel—Robin in disgrace—Pecksy's amiability—Robin is penitent.*

T happened one day that both the redbreasts, who always went together to Mrs. Benson's (because if one had waited for the other's return, it would have missed the chance of being fed); it happened, I say, that they were both absent longer than usual, for though their little benefactors, like all good children, were remarkably early risers, and had always said their prayers, washed themselves, and learned their lessons before breakfast, yet having been fatigued with a long walk the evening before, they lay very late in bed that morning; but as soon as Frederick was dressed, his sister, who was waiting for him, took him by the hand, and led him down stairs, where he hastily asked the cook for the collection of crumbs. As soon as he entered the breakfast-parlour, he ran eagerly to the window, and attempted to fling it up. 'What is the cause of this mighty bustle?' said his mother. 'Do you not perceive that I'm in the room, Frederick?' 'O my birds! my birds!' cried he. 'I understand,' rejoined Mrs. Benson, 'that you have neglected to feed your little pensioners; how came this about, Harriet?' 'We were so tired last night,' answered Harriet, 'that we overslept ourselves.' 'This excuse may satisfy you and your brother,' added

her mamma ; 'but I fear your birds would bring heavy complaints against you, were they able to talk. But make haste to feed them now ; and, for the future, whenever you give any living creature cause to depend on you for sustenance, be careful on no account to disappoint it, and if you are prevented from feeding it yourself, employ another person to do it for you.

'It is customary,' continued Mrs. Benson, 'for little boys and girls to pay their respects to their parents every morning, as soon as they see them ; this, Frederick, you ought to have done to me on entering the parlour, instead of running across it, crying out, "My birds ! my birds !" It would have taken you but very little time to have done so. However, I will excuse your neglect now, my dear, as you did not intend to offend me ; but remember that you depend as much upon your father and me for everything you want, as these little birds do on you ; nay, more so, for they could find food in other places, but children can do nothing towards their own support, and should therefore be dutiful and respectful to those whose tenderness and care they constantly experience.'

Harriet promised her mother that she would, on all occasions, endeavour to behave as she wished her to do ; but I am sorry to say, Frederick was more intent upon opening the window than profiting by the good instructions that were given him. This he could not do, therefore Harriet, by her mother's permission, went to his assistance, and the store of provisions was dispensed. As many of the birds had nests, they ate their meal with all possible expedition ; amongst this number were the robins, who despatched the business as soon as they could, for the hen was anxious to return to her little ones, and the cock to procure them a breakfast ; and having given his young friends a song before they left their



bedchambers, he did not think it necessary to stay to sing any more ; they therefore departed.

When the mother-bird arrived at the ivy wall, she stopped at the entrance of the nest with a beating heart ; but, seeing her brood all safe and well, she hastened to take them under her wings. As soon as she was seated, she observed that they were not so cheerful as usual. 'What is the matter ?' said she. 'How have you agreed during my absence ?' To these questions all were unwilling to reply, for the truth was that they had been quarrelling almost the whole time. 'What, all silent ?' said she. 'I fear you have not obeyed my commands, but have been fighting. I desire you will tell me the truth.' Robin, knowing that he was the greatest offender, began to justify himself before the others could have time to accuse him.

'I am sure, mother,' said he, 'I only gave Dick a little peck, because he crowded me so, and all the others joined with him, and fell upon me at once.'

'Since you have begun, Robin,' answered Dicky, 'I must speak, for you gave me a very hard peck indeed, and I was afraid you had put out my eye. I am sure I made all the room I could for you, but you said you ought to have half the nest and to be master when your father and mother were out, because you are the eldest.'

'I do not love to tell tales,' said Flapsy ; 'but what Dicky says is very true, Robin ; and you plucked two or three little feathers out of me, only because I begged you not to use us ill.' 'And you set your foot very hard upon me,' cried Pecksy, 'for telling you that you had forgotten your dear mother's command.'

'This is a sad story indeed,' said the mother. 'I am very

sorry to find, Robin, that you already show such a turbulent disposition. If you go on in this manner, we shall have no peace in the nest, nor can I leave it with any degree of satisfaction. As for you being the eldest, though it makes me show you a preference on all proper occasions, it does not give you a privilege to domineer over your brother and sisters. You are all equally objects of our tender care, which we shall exercise impartially among you, provided you do not forfeit it by bad behaviour. To show you that you are not master of the nest, I desire you to get from under my wing, and sit on the outside, while I cherish those who are dutiful and good.' Robin, greatly mortified, retired from his mother, on which Dicky, with the utmost kindness, began to intercede for him. 'Pardon Robin, my dear mother, I entreat you,' said he. 'I heartily forgive his treatment of me, and would not have complained to you, had it not been necessary for my own justification.'

'You are a good bird, Dicky,' said his mother. 'But such an offence as this must be repented of before it is pardoned.' At this instant her mate returned with a fine worm, and looked as usual for Robin, who lay apart by himself. 'Give it,' said the mother, 'to Dicky, Robin must be served last this morning; nay, I do not know whether I shall permit him to have any victuals the whole day.' Dicky was very unwilling to mortify his brother; but, on his mother's commanding him not to detain his father, he opened his mouth, and swallowed the delicious mouthful. 'What can be the matter?' said the good father, when he had emptied his mouth. 'Surely none of the little ones have been naughty? But I cannot stop to inquire at present, for I left another fine worm which may be gone if I do not make haste back.'

As soon as he departed, Dicky renewed his entreaties that Robin might be forgiven ; but, as he sat swelling with anger and disdain, because he fancied that the eldest should not be put outside of his mother's wing, while the others were fed, she would not hear a word in his behalf. The father soon came and fed Flapsy, and then, thinking it best for his mate to continue her admonitions, he flew off again. During her father's absence, Pecksy, whose little heart was full of affectionate concern at the punishment of her brother, thus attempted to comfort him—

‘Dear Robin, do not grieve, I will give you my breakfast, if my mother will let me.’ ‘Oh,’ said Robin, ‘I do not want any breakfast ; if I may not be served first, I will have none.’ ‘Shall I ask my mother to forgive you ?’ said Pecksy. ‘I do not want any of your intercessions,’ replied he. ‘If you had not been a parcel of ill-natured things, I should not have been pushed about as I am.’

‘Come back, Pecksy,’ said the mother, who overheard them, ‘I will not have you talk to so naughty a bird. I forbid every one of you even to go near him.’ The father then arrived, and Pecksy was fed. ‘You may rest yourself, my dear,’ said the mother, ‘your morning's task is ended.’ ‘Why, what has Robin done ?’ asked he. ‘What I am sorry to relate,’ she replied ; ‘quarrelled with his brother and sisters.’ ‘Quarrelled with his brother and sisters ? you surprise me ; I could not have suspected he would have been either so foolish or so unkind.’ ‘Oh, this is not all,’ said the mother ; ‘for he presumes on being the eldest, and claims half the nest to himself when we are absent, and now is sullen because he is disgraced, and not fed first as usual.’ ‘If this be the case,’ replied the father, ‘leave me to settle this business, my dear, and pray go into the air a little, for you seem to be sadly grieved at his misconduct.’

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ROBIN LECTURED BY HIS FATHER—PAGE 17.



'I am disturbed,' said she, 'I confess ; for, after all my care and kindness, I did not expect such a sad return as this. I am sorry to expose this perverse bird even to you, but he will not be corrected by me. I will do as you desire, go into the air a little.' So saying, she repaired to a neighbouring tree, where she anxiously waited the event of her mate's admonition.

As soon as the mother departed, the father thus addressed the naughty bird : 'And so, Robin, you want to be master of the nest ? A pretty master you would make indeed, who do not even know how to govern your own temper ! I will not stand to talk much to you now, but, depend upon it, I will not suffer you to use any of the family ill, particularly your good mother ; and if you persist in obstinacy, I will certainly turn you out of the nest before you can fly.' These threats frightened Robin ; he also began to be very hungry as well as cold, and therefore promised to behave better for the future, and his brother and sisters pleaded earnestly that he might be forgiven and restored to his usual place.

'I can say nothing in respect to the last particular,' replied the father, 'that depends upon his mother ; but as it is his first offence, and he seems to be very sorry, I will myself pardon it, and intercede for him with his mother.' On this he left the nest to seek for her. 'Return, my dear,' said he, 'to your beloved family ; Robin seems sensible of his offence, and longs to ask your forgiveness.' Pleased at this intelligence, the mother raised her dropping head, and closed her wings, which hung mournfully by her sides, expressive of the dejection of her spirits. 'I fly to give it to him,' said she, and hastened into the nest. In the meanwhile Robin wished for, yet dreaded her return.

As soon as he saw her, he lifted up a supplicating eye, and in a




weak tone (for hunger and sorrow had made him faint), he cried, 'Forgive me, dear mother, I will not again offend you.' 'I accept your submission, Robin,' said she, 'and will once more receive you to my wing; but, indeed, your behaviour has made me very unhappy.' She then made room for him, he nestled closely to her side, and soon found the benefit of her fostering heat; but he was still hungry, yet had not confidence to ask his father to fetch him any victuals; but this kind parent seeing that his mother had received him into favour, flew with all speed to an adjacent field, where he soon met with a worm, which, with tender love, he presented to Robin, who swallowed it with gratitude. Thus was peace restored to the nest; and the happy mother once more rejoiced that harmony reigned in the family.



## CHAPTER IV.

*Another quarrel—Reconciliation—The lost Canary—Fred wants to find the Robins' Nest.*

 FEW days after, a fresh disturbance took place. All the little robins, except Pecksy, in turn committed some fault or other, for which they were occasionally punished ; but she was of so amiable a disposition, that it was her constant study to act with propriety, and avoid giving offence ; on which account she was justly treated by her parents with distinguished kindness. This excited the envy of the others, and they joined together to treat her ill, giving her the title of the pet ; saying, that they made no doubt their father and mother would reserve the nicest morsels for their darling.

Poor Pecksy bore all their reproaches with patience, hoping that she should in time regain their good opinion by her gentleness and affection. But it happened one day, that, in the midst of their tauntings, their mother unexpectedly returned, who, hearing an uncommon noise among her young ones, stopped on the ivy to learn the cause ; and as soon as she discovered it, she made her appearance at the entrance of the nest with a countenance that showed she knew what was going on.

‘Are these the sentiments,’ said she, ‘that subsist in a family which ought to be bound together by love and kindness ? Which of you has cause to reproach either your father or me with partiality ?

Do we not, with the exactest equality, distribute the fruits of our labours among you? And in what respect has poor Pecksy the preference, but in that praise which is justly her due, and which you do not strive to deserve? Has she ever yet uttered a complaint against you, though, from the dejection of her countenance, which she in vain attempted to conceal, it is evident that she has suffered your reproaches for some days past? I positively command you to treat her otherwise, for it is a mother's duty to succour a persecuted nestling; and I will certainly admit her next my heart, and banish you all from that place you have hitherto possessed in it, if you suffer envy and jealousy to occupy your bosoms, instead of that tender love which she, as the kindest of sisters, has a right to expect from you.'

Robin, Dicky, and Flapsy were quite confounded by their mother's reproof; and Pecksy, sorry that they had incurred the displeasure of so tender a parent, kindly endeavoured to soften her anger. 'I have been unhappy, my dear mother,' said she, 'but not so much as you suppose; and I am ready to believe that my dear brothers and sister were not in earnest in the severe things they said of me—perhaps they only meant to try my affection. I now entreat them to believe, that I would willingly resign the greatest pleasure in life, could I by that means increase their happiness; and so far from wishing for the nicest morsel, I would content myself with the humblest fare, rather than any of them should be disappointed.' This tender speech had its desired effect; it recalled those sentiments of love which envy and jealousy had for a time banished; all the nestlings acknowledged their faults, their mother forgave them, and a perfect reconciliation took place, to the great joy of Pecksy, and indeed of all parties.

All the nestlings continued very good for several days, and nothing happened worth relating. The little family were soon covered with feathers, which their mother taught them to dress, telling them that neatness was a very essential thing, both for health, and also to render them agreeable in the eye of the world. At the same time that she recommended neatness of person, she did not forget to caution them against vanity and deceit. 'These bad qualities are unbecoming,' said she, 'in all of us, and never fail to bring contempt and mortification on the silly bird that possesses them.'

Robin was a very strong, robust bird, not remarkable for his beauty, but there was a great briskness in his manner, which covered many defects, and he was very likely to attract notice. His father judged, from the tone of his chirpings, that he would be a very good songster.

Dicky had a remarkably fine plumage, although being young the red on his breast had not appeared ; body and wings were of an elegant mottled brown, and his eyes sparkled like diamonds.

Flapsy was also very pretty, but more distinguished for the elegance of her shape than for the variety and lustre of her feathers.

Pecksy had no outward charms to recommend her to notice, but they were doubly supplied by the sweetness of her disposition. Her temper was constantly serene, she was ever attentive to the happiness of her parents, and would not have grieved them for the world ; and her affection for her brothers and sister was so great, that she constantly preferred their interest to her own, of which we have lately given an instance.

The kind parents attended to them with unremitting affection,

and made their daily visit to Frederick and Harriet Benson, who very punctually discharged their self-imposed duty of feeding them. The robin redbreasts, made familiar by repeated favours, approached nearer and nearer to their little friends by degrees, and at length ventured to enter the room, and feed upon the breakfast-table. Harriet was delighted at this circumstance, and Frederick was quite overjoyed; he longed to catch the birds, but his mother told him that would be the very means to drive them away. Harriet entreated him not to frighten them on any account, and he was prevailed on to forbear; but could not help expressing a wish that he had them in a cage, that he might feed them all day long.

‘And do you really think, Frederick,’ said Mrs. Benson, ‘that these little delicate creatures are such gluttons as to desire to be fed all day long? Could you tempt them to do it, they would soon die; but they know better, and, as soon as their appetites are satisfied, always leave off eating. Many a little boy may learn a lesson from them. Do you not recollect one of your acquaintance, who, if a cake, or anything else that he calls nice, is set before him, will eat till he makes himself sick?’ Frederick looked ashamed, being conscious that he was too much inclined to indulge his love of delicacies. ‘Well,’ said his mother; ‘I see you understand whom I mean, Frederick, so we will say no more on that subject; only, when you meet that little gentleman, give my love to him, and tell him I beg he will be as moderate as his Redbreasts.’

The cock-bird, having finished his breakfast, flew out at the window, followed by his mate; and, as soon as they were out of sight, Mrs. Benson continued her discourse. ‘And would you really confine these sweet creatures in a cage, Frederick, merely

to have the pleasure of feeding them? Should you like to be always shut up in a little room, and think it sufficient if you were supplied with victuals and drink? Is there no enjoyment in running about, jumping, and going from place to place? Do you not like to keep company with little boys and girls? And is there no pleasure in breathing the fresh air? Though these little animals are inferior to you, there is no doubt but they are capable of similar enjoyments; and it must be a dreadful life for a poor bird to be shut up in a cage, where he cannot so much as make use of his wings, where he is separated from his natural companions, and where he cannot possibly receive that refreshment which the air must afford to him when at liberty to fly to such a height. But this is not all, for many a poor bird is caught and taken away from its family, after it has been at the trouble of building a nest, has perhaps laid its eggs, or even hatched its young ones, which are by this means exposed to certain destruction. It is likely that these very redbreasts may have young ones, for this is the season of the year for their hatching, and I rather think they have, from the circumstance of their always coming together.' 'If that is the case,' said Miss Harriet; 'it would be pity, indeed, to confine them. But why, mamma, if it is wrong to catch birds, did you at one time keep canaries?'

'The case is very different in respect to canary-birds, my dear,' said Mrs. Benson. 'By keeping them in a cage, I did them a kindness. I considered them as little foreigners who claimed my hospitality. This kind of bird came originally from a warm climate; they are in their nature very liable to catch cold, and would perish in the open air in our winters; neither does the food which they feed on grow plentifully in this country; and as here

they are always bred in cages, they do not know how to procure the materials for their nest abroad. And there is another circumstance which would greatly distress them, were they to be turned loose, which is, the persecution they would be exposed to from other birds. I remember once to have seen a poor hen canary-bird which had been turned loose, because it could not sing, and surely no creature could be more miserable. It was starving for want of victuals, famishing with thirst, shivering with cold, and looked terrified to the greatest degree, while a parcel of sparrows and chaffinches pursued it from place to place, twittering and chirping, with every mark of insult. I could not help fancying the little creature to be like a foreigner just landed from some distant country, followed by a rude rabble of boys, who were ridiculing him, because his dress and language were strange to them.'

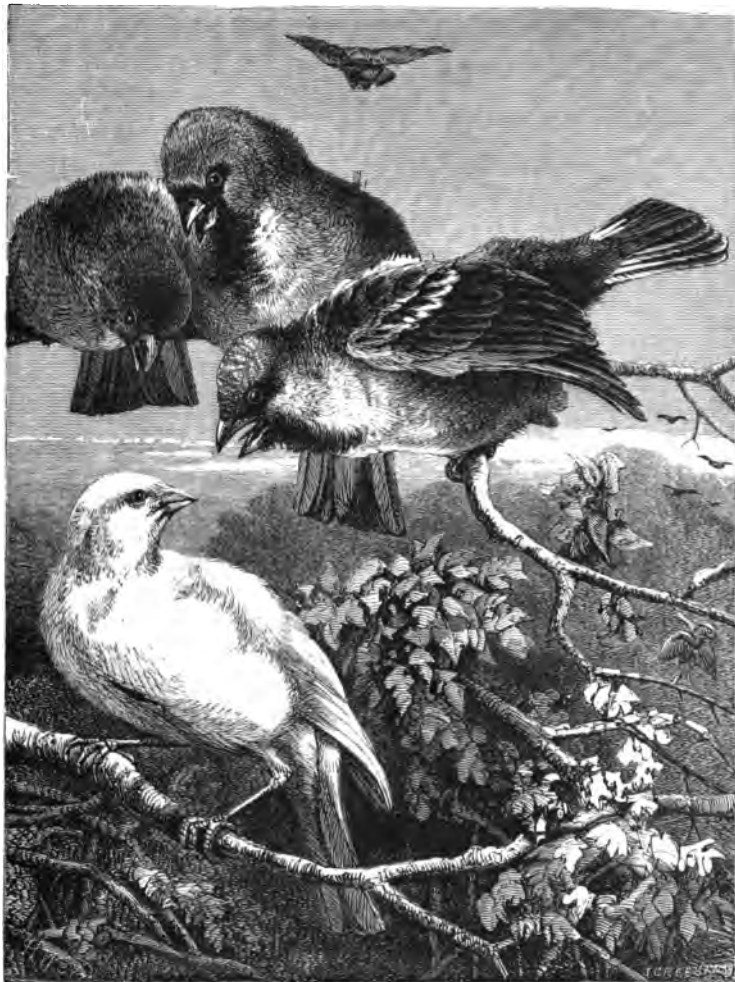
'And what became of the poor little creature, dear mamma?'

said Harriet. 'I was going to tell you, my dear,' replied Mrs. Benson. 'I ordered the servant to bring me a cage, with seed and water in their usual places: this I caused to be hung on a tree, next to that in which the little sufferer in vain endeavoured to hide herself among the leaves from her cruel pursuers. No sooner did the servant retire, than the poor little bird flew to it. I immediately had the cage brought into the parlour, where I experienced great pleasure in observing what happiness the poor creature enjoyed on her deliverance. I kept it some years; but not choosing to confine her in a little cage, I had a large one bought, and procured a companion for her of her own species. I supplied them with materials for building: and from them proceeded a little colony, which grew so numerous, that you know I gave them to Mr. Bruce to put into that large enclosure of wire-









THE PERSECUTED CANARY—PAGE 24.



work, which is called an aviary, where he keeps them with others, and where you have seen them enjoying themselves. So now I hope I have fully accounted for having kept canary-birds in a cage.' 'Thank you, dear mamma, you have indeed,' said Harriet.

'I have also,' said Mrs. Benson, 'occasionally kept larks. In severe winters, vast numbers of them come to this country from a colder climate, and many perish. Quantities of them are killed and sold for the table ; and the bird-catchers usually have a great many to sell, and many an idle boy has some to dispose of. I frequently buy them, as you know, Harriet ; but as soon as the fine weather returns, I constantly set them at liberty. But come, my dears, prepare for your morning walk, and afterwards let me see you in my dressing-room.'

'I wonder,' said Frederick, 'whether our redbreasts have got a nest? I will watch to-morrow which way they fly, for I should like to see the little ones.' 'And what will you do should you find them out?' said his mother ; 'not take the nest, I hope?' 'Why,' replied Frederick, 'I should like to bring it home, and put it in a tree near the house ; and then I would scatter crumbs for the old ones to feed them with.'

'Your design is a kind one,' said Mrs. Benson, 'but would greatly distress your little favourites. Many birds, through fear, forsake their nests when they are removed ; therefore I desire you to let them alone if you should chance to find them.' Harriet then remarked that she thought it very cruel to take birds' nests. 'Ah, my dear,' said Mrs. Benson, 'those who commit such barbarous actions are quite insensible to the distresses they occasion. It is very true that we ought not to indulge so great a degree of pity and tenderness for animals, as for those who are more properly our

fellow-creatures ; I mean, men, women, and children. But, as every living creature can feel, we should have a constant regard to those feelings, and strive to give happiness rather than be the cause of misery. But go, my dear, and take your walk.' Mrs. Benson then left them to attend her usual morning employments ; and the young lady and gentleman, attended by their maid, passed an agreeable half-hour in the garden.



## CHAPTER V.

*The Nestlings have a fright—Joe the Gardener.*

**I**N the meantime the hen redbreast returned to the nest, while her mate took his flight in search of food for his family. When the mother approached the nest, she was surprised at not hearing, as usual, the chirping of her young ones; and what was her astonishment at seeing them all crowded together, trembling with fright! 'What is the matter, my nestlings,' said she, 'that I find you in this terror?'

'Oh, my dear mother!' cried Robin, who first ventured to raise up his head, 'is it you?' Pecksy then revived, and entreated her mother to come into the nest, which she did without delay; and the little tremblers crept under her wings, endeavouring to conceal themselves in this happy retreat.

'What has terrified you in this manner?' said she. 'Oh, I do not know,' replied Dicky; 'but we have seen such a monster as I never beheld before!' 'A monster, my dear! pray describe it.' 'I cannot,' said Dicky, 'it was too frightful to be described.' 'Frightful indeed,' cried Robin; 'but I had a full view of it, and will give the best description I can.'

'We were all sitting peaceably in the nest, and very happy together; Dicky and I were trying to sing, when suddenly we

heard a noise against the wall, and presently a great round red face appeared before the nest, with a pair of enormous staring eyes, a very large beak, and below that a wide mouth, with two rows of bones that looked as if they could grind us all to pieces in an instant. About the top of this round face, and down the sides, hung something black, but not like feathers. When the two staring eyes had looked at us for some time, the whole thing disappeared.' 'I cannot at all conceive from your description, Robin, what this thing could be,' said the mother; 'but perhaps it may come again.'

'Oh, I hope not!' cried Flapsy; 'I shall die with fear if it does.' 'Why so, my love?' said her mother; 'has it done you any harm?' 'I cannot say it has,' replied Flapsy. 'Well, then, you do very wrong, my dear, in giving way to such apprehensions. You must strive to get the better of this fearful disposition. When you go abroad in the world, you will see many strange objects; and if you are terrified at every appearance which you cannot account for, you will live a most unhappy life. Endeavour to be good, and then you need not fear anything. But here comes your father, perhaps he will be able to explain the appearance which has so much alarmed you to-day.'

As soon as the father had given the worm to Robin, he was preparing to depart for another, but, to his surprise, all the rest of the nestlings begged him to stay, declaring they had rather go without their meal, on condition he would but remain at home and take care of them. 'Stay at home and take care of you!' said he. 'Why is that more necessary now than usual?' The mother then related the strange occurrence that had occasioned this request. 'Nonsense!' said he; 'a monster! great eyes! large mouth! long beak! I don't understand such stuff. Besides, as it did them no

harm, why are they to be in such terror now it is gone?' 'Don't be angry, dear father,' said Pecksy, 'for it was very frightful indeed.' 'Well,' said he, 'I will fly all round the orchard, and perhaps I may meet this monster.' 'Oh, it will eat you up, it will eat you up!' said Flapsy. 'Never fear,' said he : and away he flew.

The mother then again attempted to calm them, but all in vain ; their fears were now redoubled for their father's safety. However, to their great joy, he soon returned. 'Well,' said he, 'I have seen this monster.' The little ones then clung to their mother, fearing the dreadful creature was just at hand. 'What, afraid again!' cried he ; 'a parcel of stout hearts I have in my nest truly ! Why, when you fly about in the world, you will in all probability see hundreds of such monsters, as you call them, unless you choose to confine yourselves to a retired life ; nay, even in woods and groves, you will be liable to meet some of them, and those of the most mischievous kind.' 'I begin to comprehend,' said the mother, 'that these dear nestlings have seen the face of a man.' 'Even so,' replied her mate ; 'it is a man, no other than our friend the gardener, that has so alarmed them.'

'A man!' cried Dicky ; 'was that frightful thing a man?' 'Nothing more, I assure you,' answered his father, 'and a good man too, I have reason to believe ; for he is very careful not to frighten your mother and me when we are picking up worms, and has frequently thrown crumbs to us when he was eating his breakfast.'

'And does he live in this garden?' said Flapsy. 'He works here very often,' replied her father, 'but is frequently absent.' 'Oh, then,' cried she, 'pray take us abroad when he is away, for indeed I cannot bear to see him.' 'You are a little simpleton,' said the father ; 'and if you do not endeavour to get more resolution, I will



leave you in the nest by yourself, when I am teaching your brothers and sister to fly and peck. And what will you do then? for you must not expect we shall go from them to bring you food.' Flapsy, fearful that her father would be quite angry, promised to follow his directions in every respect; and the rest, animated by his discourse, began to recover their spirits.



## CHAPTER VI.

*Joe announces the discovery of the Nest—The past experience of the Robins.*



**W**HILST the terrible commotions related in the last chapter passed in the nest, the monster, who was no other than honest Joe the gardener, went to the house, and inquired for his young master and mistress, having, as he justly supposed, some pleasing news to tell them. Both the young gentleman and lady very readily attended, thinking he had got some fruit or flowers for them. 'Well, Joe,' said Harriet, 'what have you to say to us? Have you got a peach or a nectarine? or have you brought me a root of sweet-william?'

'No, Miss Harriet,' said Joe; 'but I have something to tell you that will please you as much.' 'What's that? what's that?' said Frederick. 'Why, Master Frederick,' said Joe, 'a pair of robins have come very often to one place in the orchard lately; so, thought I, these birds have got a nest. So I watched and watched, and at last I saw the old hen fly into a hole in the ivy wall. I had a fancy to set my ladder and look in; but, as master ordered me not to frighten the birds, I stayed till the old one flew out again, and then I mounted, and there I saw the little creatures full fledged; and if you and Miss Harriet may go with me, I will

show them to you, for the nest is but a little way from the ground, and you may easily get up the step-ladder.'

Frederick was in raptures, being confident that these were the identical robins he was so attached to, and, like a little thoughtless boy as he was, he would have gone immediately with the gardener, had not his sister reminded him that it was proper to ask leave first ; she therefore told Joe she would let him know when she had done so.

When the redbreasts had quieted the fears of their young family, and fed them as usual, they retired to a tree, desiring their little nestlings not to be terrified if the monster should look in upon them again, as it was very probable he would do. They promised to bear the sight as well as they could.

When the old ones were seated in the tree, 'It is time,' said the father, 'to take our nestlings abroad. You see, my love, how very timorous they are ; and if we do not use them a little to the world, they will never be able to shift for themselves.' 'Very true,' replied the mother ; 'they are now full fledged, and therefore, if you please, we will take them out to-morrow ; but prepare them for it.' 'One of the best preparatives,' answered her mate, 'will be to leave them by themselves a little ; therefore we will now take a flight together, and then go back.' The mother complied, but she longed to be with her dear family.

When they stopped a little to rest on a tree, 'Last year,' said the hen redbreast, 'it was my misfortune to be deprived of my nestlings by some cruel boys, before they were quite fledged, and it is that which makes me so timid now, that I do not feel comfortable when I am away from them.'

'A calamity of the same kind befel me,' replied the father ;



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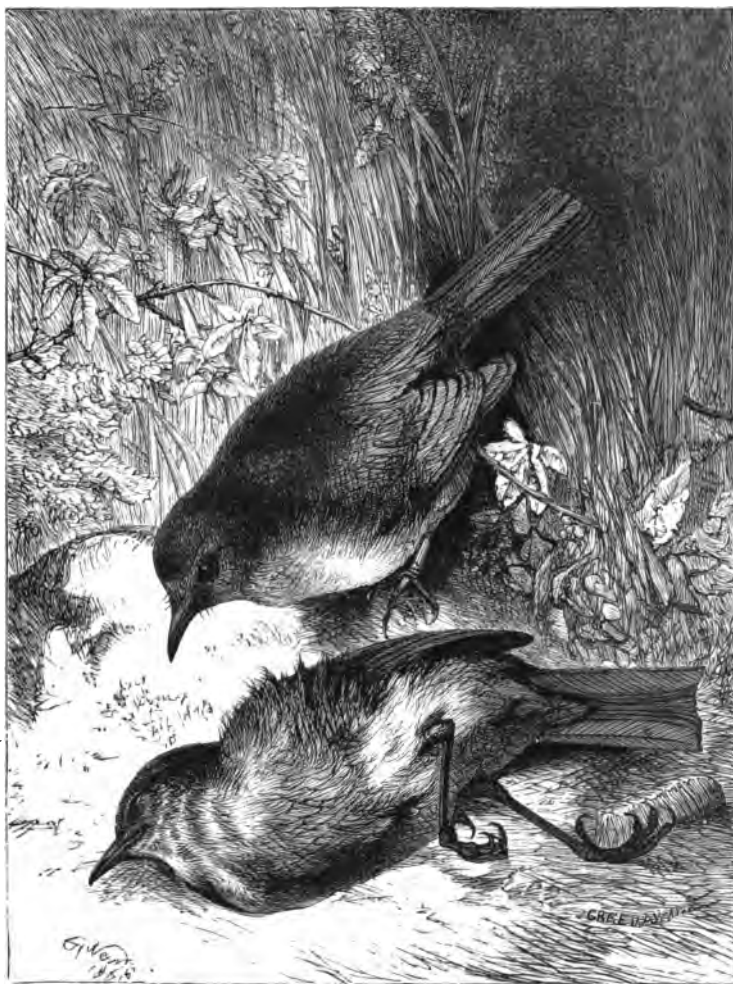
THE ROBIN WATCHING THE BOYS WITH THE NEST—PAGE 33.



'I never shall forget it. I had been taking a flight in the woods, in order to procure some nice morsels for one of my nestlings ; the first circumstance that alarmed me when I returned to the place in which I had imprudently built, was a part of my nest scattered on the ground, just at the entrance of my habitation ; I then perceived a large opening in the wall, where before there was only room for myself to pass. I stopped with a beating heart, in hopes of hearing the chirpings of my beloved family, but all was silence. I then resolved to enter ; but what was my consternation when I found that the nest, which my dear mate and I had, with so much labour, built, and the dear little ones, who were the joy of our lives, were stolen away ; nay, I do not know but the tender mother was also taken. I rushed out of the place, distracted with apprehensions for the miseries they might endure ; lamenting my weakness, which rendered me incapable of rescuing them ; but recollecting that my dear mate might in all probability have escaped, I resolved to go in search of her. As I was flying along, I saw three boys, whose appearance was far from disagreeable ; one of them held in his hand my nest of young ones, which he eyed with cruel delight, while his companions seemed to share his joy. The dear little creatures, insensible of their fate (for they were newly hatched), opened their mouths, expecting to be fed by me or their mother, but all in vain ; to have attempted feeding them at this time would have been certain destruction to myself ; but I resolved to follow the barbarians, that I might at least see to what place my darlings were consigned. In a short time, the party arrived at a house, and he who before held the nest now committed it to the care of another, but soon returned with a kind of food I was totally unacquainted with ; and with this, my







DEATH OF ROBIN'S MATE—PAGE 34.

young ones, when they gaped for food, were fed : hunger induced them to swallow it, but soon after, missing the warmth of their mother, they set up a general cry, which pierced my very heart. Immediately after this the nest was carried away, and what became of my nestlings afterwards I could never discover, though I frequently hovered about the fatal spot of their imprisonment with the hope of seeing them.'

'Pray,' said the hen redbreast, 'what became of your mate?'

'Why, my dear,' said he, 'when I found there was no chance of assisting my little ones, I pursued my course, and sought her in every place of our usual resort, but to no purpose ; at length I returned to the bush, where I beheld an afflicting sight indeed, my beloved companion lying on the ground just expiring. I flew to her instantly, and endeavoured to recall her to life. At the sound of my voice she lifted up her languid eyelids, and said, "And are you then safe, my love? what is become of our little ones?" In hopes of comforting her, I told her I hoped they were alive and well ; but she replied, "Your consolations come too late ; the blow is struck, I feel my death approaching. The horror which seized me when I missed my nestlings, and supposed myself robbed at once of my mate and infants, was too powerful for my weak frame to sustain. Oh, why will the human race be so wantonly cruel?" The agonies of death now came on, and, after a few convulsive pangs, she breathed her last, and left me an unhappy widower. I passed the remainder of the summer, and a dreary winter that succeeded it, in a very uncomfortable manner ; though the natural cheerfulness of my disposition did not leave me long a prey to unavailing sorrow. I resolved the following spring to seek another mate, and had the good fortune to meet with you,







DEATH OF ROBIN'S MATE—PAGE 34.



whose amiable disposition has renewed my happiness. And now, my dear,' said he, 'let me ask you what became of your former companion?'


'Why,' replied the hen redbreast, 'soon after the loss of our nest, as he was endeavouring to discover what was become of it, a cruel hawk caught him up, and devoured him in an instant. I need not say that I felt the bitterest pains for his loss; it is sufficient to inform you that I led a solitary life till I met with you, whose endearing behaviour has made society again agreeable to me.'

As soon as Mrs. Benson returned to her children, Frederick ran up to her saying, 'Good news! good news, mamma; Joe has found the robins' nest.' 'Has he indeed!' said Mrs. Benson. 'Yes, mamma,' said Harriet; 'and if agreeable to you, we shall be glad to go along with Joe to see it.' 'But how are you to get at it?' said the lady; 'for I suppose it is some height from the ground.' 'Oh, I can climb a ladder very well,' cried Frederick. 'You climb a ladder! You are a clever gentleman at climbing, I know; but do you purpose to mount too, Harriet?' 'Joe tells me that the nest is but a very little way from the ground, mamma,' answered Harriet; 'but if I find it otherwise, you may depend on my not going up.' 'On this condition I will permit you to go,' said Mrs. Benson; 'but pray, Frederick, let me remind you not to frighten your little favourites.' 'Not for all the world,' said Frederick; so away he skipped, and ran to Joe, before his sister. 'We may go! we may go, Joe!' cried he. 'Stay for me, Joe, I beg,' said Harriet, who presently joined him.



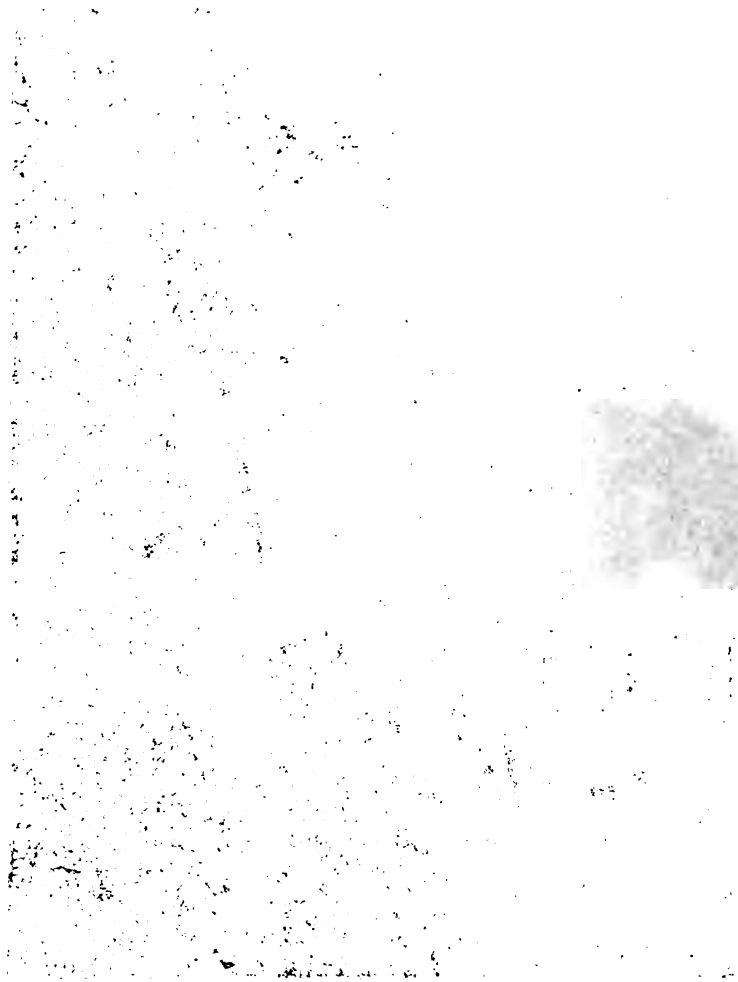
## CHAPTER VII.

*The Children go to see the Nest—They are observed by the old Birds.*

S soon as Joe found that the young gentry, as he called them, had obtained permission to accompany him, he took Frederick by the hand, and said, 'Come along, my young master.' Frederick's impatience was so great that he could scarcely be restrained from running all the way, but his sister entreated him not to make himself too hot.

At length they arrived at the desired spot ; Joe placed the ladder, and his young master, with a little assistance, mounted it very nimbly : but who can describe his raptures when he beheld the nestlings ? 'Oh, the sweet creatures,' cried he, 'there are four of them, I declare ! I never saw anything so pretty in my life ! I wish I might carry you all home !' 'That you must not do, Frederick,' said his sister ; 'and I beg you will come away, for you will either terrify the little creatures or alarm the old birds, which perhaps are now waiting somewhere near to feed them.' 'Well, I will come away directly,' said Frederick ; 'and so good-bye, robins ! I hope you will come soon, along with your father and mother, to be fed in the parlour.' He then descended, under the conduct of his friend Joe.

Joe next addressed Harriet : 'Now, my young mistress,' said



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HARRIET PEEPS AT THE ROBINS' NEST—PAGE 37.



he, 'will you go up?' As the steps of the ladder were broad, and the nest was not high, Miss Benson ventured to go up, and was equally delighted with her brother; but so fearful of terrifying the little birds, and alarming the old ones, that she would only indulge herself with a peep at the nest. Frederick inquired how she liked the young robins. 'They are sweet creatures,' said she, 'and I hope they will soon join our party of birds, for they appear to me ready to fly; but let us return home, for you know we promised to stay but a little while,—besides, we hinder Joe from his work.' 'Never mind that,' said the honest fellow, 'master won't be angry, I am certain; and if I thought he would, I would work an hour later to fetch up lost time.' 'Thank you, Joe,' replied Harriet, 'but I am sure my father would not desire you to do so.'

At this instant, Frederick perceived the two redbreasts, who were returning from their excursion, and called to his sister to observe them. He was very desirous to watch whether they would go back to their nest, but she would on no account consent to stay, lest her mother should be displeased, and lest the birds should be frightened; Frederick, therefore, followed her with reluctance, and Joe attended them to the house.

As soon as they were out of sight, the hen-bird proposed to return to the nest: she had observed the party, and though she did not see them looking into her habitation, she supposed, from their being so near, that they had been taking a peep at it, and told her suspicions to her mate. He agreed with her, and said he now expected to hear a fine story from the nestlings. 'Let us return, however,' said the mother, 'for perhaps they have been terrified again.' 'Well,' said he, 'I will attend you then; but let me caution you, my dear, not to indulge their fearful disposition, because such

indulgence will certainly prove injurious to them.' 'I will do the best I can,' replied she, and then flew to the nest, followed by her mate.

She alighted upon the ivy, and peeping into the nest, inquired how they all did. 'Very well, dear mother,' said Robin. 'What,' cried the father, who now alighted, 'all safe! Not one ate up by the monster?' 'No, father,' replied Dicky, 'we are not devoured; and yet, I assure you, the monster we saw before has been here again, and brought two others with him.' 'Two others! what, like himself?' said the father. 'I thought, Flapsy, you were to die with apprehension if you saw him again?' 'And so I believe I should have done, had not you, my good father, taught me to conquer my fears,' replied Flapsy; 'when I saw the top of him, my heart began to flutter to such a degree that I was ready to die, and every feather of me shook; but when I found he stayed but a very little while, I recovered, and was in hopes he was quite gone. My brothers and sister, I believe, felt as I did; but we comforted one another that the danger was over for this day, and all agreed to make ourselves happy, and not fear this monster, since you had assured us he was very harmless. However, before we were perfectly come to ourselves, we heard very uncommon noises, sometimes a hoarse sound, disagreeable to our ears as the croaking of a raven, and sometimes a shriller noise, quite unlike the note of any bird that we know of, and immediately after something presented itself to our view which bore a little resemblance to the monster, but by no means so large and frightful.

'Instead of being all over red, it had on each side two reddish spots of a more beautiful hue than papa's breast; the rest of it was of a more delicate white, excepting two streaks of a deep red, like the cherry you brought us the other day, and between these

two streaks were rows of white bones, but by no means dreadful to behold, like those of the great monster ; its eyes were blue and white, and round this agreeable face was something which I cannot describe, very pretty, and as glossy as the feathers of a goldfinch. There was so cheerful and pleasing a look in this creature altogether, that notwithstanding I own I was rather afraid, yet I had pleasure in looking at it ; but it stayed a very little time, and then disappeared. While we were puzzling ourselves with conjectures concerning it, another creature, larger than it, appeared before us, equally beautiful, and with an aspect so mild and gentle, that we were all charmed with it ; but, as if fearful of alarming us by its stay, it immediately retired, and we have been longing for your and my mother's return, in hopes you would be able to tell us what we have seen.'

'I am happy, my dears,' said their mother, 'to find you more composed than I expected : for as your father and I were flying together, in order to come back to you, we observed the monster, and the two pretty creatures Flapsy has described ; the former is, as your father before informed you, our friend the gardener, and the others are our young benefactors, by whose bounty we are every day regaled, and who, I will venture to say, will do you no harm. You cannot think how kindly they treat us ; and though there are a number of other birds who share their goodness, your father and I are favoured with their particular regard.'

'Oh !' said Pecksy, 'are these sweet creatures your friends ? I long to go abroad that I may see them again.' 'Well,' cried Flapsy, 'I perceive that if we judge from appearances we may often be mistaken ; who would have thought that such an ugly monster as that gardener could have had a tender heart ?' 'Very true,' replied the mother ; 'you must make it a rule, Flapsy, to



judge of mankind by their actions, and not by their looks. I have known some of them whose appearance was as engaging as that of our young benefactors, who were, notwithstanding, barbarous enough to take eggs out of a nest and spoil them: nay, even to carry away nest and all before the young ones were fledged, without knowing how to feed them, or having any regard to the sorrows of the tender parents.'

'Oh, what dangers there are in the world!' cried Pecksy; 'I shall be afraid to leave the nest.' 'Why so, my love?' said the mother; 'every bird does not meet with hawks and cruel children. You have already, as you sat on the nest, seen thousands of the feathered race, of one kind or other, making their airy excursions full of mirth and gaiety. This orchard constantly resounds with the melody of those who chant forth their songs of joy; and I believe there are no beings in the world happier than birds, for we are naturally formed for cheerfulness; and I trust that a prudent precaution, and following the rules we shall from our experience be able to give you, will preserve you from the dangers to which the feathered race are exposed.'

'Instead of indulging your fears, Flapsy,' said the father, 'summon up all your courage, for to-morrow you shall, with your brothers and sister, begin to see the world.' Dicky expressed great delight at this declaration, and Robin boasted that he had not the least remains of fear. Flapsy, though still apprehensive of monsters, yet longed to see the gaieties of life, and Pecksy wished to comply with every desire of her dear parents. The approach of evening now reminded them that it was time to take repose, and turning its head under its wing, each bird soon resigned itself to the gentle powers of sleep.

## CHAPTER VIII.

*Edward and Lucy Jenkins—Three Birds' Nests—Mrs. Benson's reproof.*



AFTER Frederick and Harriet had been gratified with the sight of the robins' nest, they were returning to the house, conducted by their friend Joe, when they were met in the garden by their mother, accompanied by Miss Lucy Jenkins and her brother Edward. The former was a fine girl, about ten years old ; the latter a robust rude boy, of eleven. 'We were coming to seek you, my dear,' said Mrs. Benson to her children, 'for I was fearful that the business you went upon would make you forget your young visitors.'

'I cannot answer for Frederick,' replied Harriet ; 'but, indeed, I would not, on any account, have slighted my friends. How do you do, my dear Miss Jenkins ?' said she ; 'I am happy to see you. Will you go with me into the play-room ? I have got some very pretty new books. Frederick, have you nothing to show Master Jenkins ?' 'Oh, yes,' said Frederick, 'I have got several little books, which my uncle gave me for being attentive to my lessons ; and they have a great many pretty pictures in them ; but I had rather go back and show him the robins.'

'The robins !' said Master Jenkins ; 'what robins ?'

'Why, our robins that have built in the ivy wall. You never saw anything so pretty in your life as the little ones.'

'Oh, I can see birds enough at home,' said Master Jenkins ; 'but why did you not take the nest ? It would have been nice diversion to you to toss the young birds about. I have had a great many nests this year, and do believe I have a hundred eggs.'

'A hundred eggs ! and how do you propose to hatch them ?' said Harriet, who turned back on hearing him talk in this manner.

'Hatch them !' said he ; 'who ever thinks of hatching birds' eggs ?'

'Oh, then, you eat them,' said Frederick ; 'or perhaps let your cook make puddings of them ?'

'No, indeed,' replied Edward Jenkins, 'I blow out the inside, and then run a thread through them, and give them to Lucy, to hang up amongst her curiosities ; and very pretty they look, I assure you.'

And so,' said Harriet, 'you had rather see a string of empty egg-shells, than hear a sweet concert of birds singing in the trees ? I admire your taste, truly.'

'Why, is there any harm in taking birds' eggs ?' said Miss Jenkins ; 'I never before heard that there was.'

'My dear mother,' replied Harriet, 'has taught me to think there is harm in every action that gives unnecessary pain to any living creature ; and I own I have a very particular affection for birds.'

'Well,' said Miss Jenkins, 'for my part, I have no notion of such affections. Sometimes, indeed, I try to rear those which Edward brings home ; but they are teasing, troublesome things, and I seldom succeed ; to tell the truth, I do not concern myself much

about them : if they live, they live ; and if they die, they die. He has brought me three nests this day to plague me : I thought to have fed the birds before I came out, but being in a hurry to come to see you, I quite forgot it. Did you feed them, Edward ?' 'Not I,' said he ; 'I thought you would do it ; it is enough for me to find the nests.'

'And have you actually left three nests of young birds at home without victuals !' cried Harriet.

'I did not think of them, but will feed them when I return,' said Miss Jenkins.

'Oh,' cried Miss Benson, 'I cannot bear the thoughts of what the poor little creatures must suffer.'

'Well,' said Edward Jenkins, 'since you feel so much for them, I think, Miss Harriet, you will make the best nurse. What say you, Lucy, will you give the nests to Miss Benson ?' 'With all my heart,' replied his sister ; 'and pray do not plague me with any more of them.'

'I do not know that my mother will let me accept them,' said Harriet ; 'but if she will, I shall be glad to do so.'

Frederick inquired what birds they were ; and Master Jenkins informed him there was a nest of linnets, a nest of sparrows, and another of blackbirds. Frederick was all impatience to see them ; and Harriet longed to have the little creatures in her possession, that she might rescue them from their deplorable condition, and lessen the evils of captivity, which they now suffered.

Her mother had left her with her young companions, that they might indulge themselves in innocent amusements without restraint ; but the tender-hearted Harriet could not engage in any diversion, till she had made intercession in behalf of the poor

birds ; she therefore begged Miss Jenkins would accompany her to the house, in order to ask permission to have the birds' nests. She accordingly went, and made her request known to Mrs. Benson, who readily consented ; observing, that though she had a very great objection to her children's having birds' nests, yet she could not deny her daughter on the present occasion. Harriet, from an unwillingness to expose her friend, had said but little on the subject ; but Mrs. Benson, having great discernment, concluded that she made the request from a merciful motive, and knowing that Lucy Jenkins had no kind mother to give her instruction, she thus addressed her :

‘ I perceive, my young friend, that Harriet is apprehensive that the birds will not meet with the same kind treatment from you, which she is disposed to give them. I cannot think you have any cruelty in your nature ; but perhaps you have accustomed yourself to consider birds only as playthings, without sense or feeling ; to me, who am a great admirer of the beautiful little creatures, they appear in a very different light ; and I have been an attentive observer of them, I assure you. Though they have not the gift of speech, like us, all kinds of birds have particular notes which answer in some measure the purpose of words among them, by means of which they can call to their young ones, express their love for them, their fears for their safety, their anger towards those that would hurt them, etc. ; from which we may infer that it is cruel to rob birds of their young, deprive them of their liberty, or exclude them from the blessings suited to their natures ; for which it is impossible for us to give them an equivalent.

‘ Besides, these creatures, insignificant as they appear in your estimation, were, like you, made by God. Have you not read in the New Testament, my dear, that our Saviour said, “ Blessed are

the merciful, for they shall obtain mercy?" How, then, can you expect that God will send His blessing upon you, if, instead of endeavouring to imitate Him in being merciful to the utmost of your power, you are wantonly cruel to innocent creatures, which He designed for happiness?"

This admonition from Mrs. Benson, which Lucy Jenkins did not expect, made her look very serious, and brought tears into her eyes; on which the good lady took her by the hand, and said kindly: 'I do not wish to distress you, my dear, but merely to awaken the natural sentiments of your heart; reflect at your leisure on what I have said to you, and I am sure you will think me your friend. I knew your dear mother, and can assure you she was remarkable for the tenderness of her disposition. But do not let me detain you from your amusements; go to your own apartment, Harriet, and use your best endeavours to make your visitors happy. You cannot fetch the birds this evening; because, when your young friend goes, it will be too late for you to take so long a walk, as you must come back afterwards; but I make no doubt that to oblige you she will feed them to-night.'

Harriet and Lucy now returned to their brothers, and found Frederick looking at the pictures in the 'History of Prince Lee Boo;' but Edward Jenkins had laid hold of Harriet's dog, and was searching his own pocket for a piece of string, that he might tie him and the cat together, to see, as he said, how nicely they would fight; and so fully was he bent on this cruel purpose, that it was with difficulty he could be prevailed on to relinquish it.

'Dear me,' said he, 'if ever I came into such a house in my life; there is no fun here. What would you say to Harry Pritchard and me, when we hunt cats and set dogs to fight?'

‘For shame, you cruel boy!’ exclaimed Harriet; ‘I cannot listen to your horrid stories; nor would I commit one of those barbarities which you boast of for the world. Poor innocent creatures! what have they done to you to deserve such usage?’

‘I beg, Edward,’ said his sister, ‘that you will find some other way to entertain us, or I shall really tell Mrs. Benson of you.’

‘What, are you growing tender-hearted all at once?’ cried he.

‘I will tell you what I think when I go home,’ replied Lucy. As for poor Frederick, he could not restrain his tears; and Harriet’s flowed also at the bare idea of the sufferings of the poor animals; but Master Jenkins was so accustomed to be guilty of those things without reflection, that there was no making any impression of tenderness upon his mind, and he only laughed at their concern, and wanted to tell about his other cruel sports; but Harriet and his sister stopped their ears.

At last little Frederick went crying to his mother, and the young ladies retired to another room; so that this little monster was left by himself, and obliged to pass the rest of the day neglected and disliked by everybody. Mrs. Benson had some visitors, which prevented her talking to this cruel boy, as she otherwise would have done, on hearing Frederick’s account of him; but she determined to tell his father, which she accordingly did some time after, when he returned home.

When the servant came in the evening to fetch him and his sister, Harriet earnestly entreated her friend Lucy to feed the birds properly, till she should be allowed to fetch them; this Lucy promised to do; for she was greatly affected with Mrs. Benson’s discourse, and had already resolved never to be guilty again of such want of feeling.

## CHAPTER IX.

### *The Learned Pig.*

**A**FTER her little visitors were departed, Harriet went into the drawing-room, and having her mother's permission, sat herself down, that she might improve her mind by the conversation of the company. Mrs. Benson noticed that she had been in tears, of which Frederick had before explained the cause. 'I do not wonder, my love,' said she, 'that you should have been so affected with the relation of such horrid barbarities as that thoughtless boy has, by degrees, brought himself to practise by way of amusement. However, do not suffer your mind to dwell on them, as the creatures on which he inflicted them are no longer objects of pity. It is wrong to grieve for the death of animals as we do for the loss of our friends, because they certainly are not of so much consequence to our happiness; and we are taught to think their sufferings end with their lives, as they are not religious beings; and therefore the killing them, even in the most barbarous manner, is not like murdering a human creature, who is, perhaps, unprepared to give an account of himself at the tribunal of Heaven.'

'I have been,' said a lady who was present, 'for a long time accustomed to consider the lower animals as mere machines, taught



by the unerring hand of Providence to do those things which are necessary for the preservation of themselves and their offspring ; but the sight of the Learned Pig, which has lately been shown in London, has changed these ideas, and I know not what to think.'

This led to a conversation on the instinct of animals.

As soon as the company were gone, 'Pray, mamma,' said Harriet, 'what did the Learned Pig do? I had a great mind to ask Mrs. Franks, who said she saw it; but I was fearful she would think me impertinent.'

'I commend your modesty, my dear,' replied Mrs. Benson, 'but would not have it lead you into such a degree of restraint as to prevent you satisfying that laudable curiosity, without which young persons must remain ignorant of many things very proper for them to be acquainted with. Mrs. Franks would, I am sure, have been far from thinking you impertinent. Those inquiries only are troublesome by which children interrupt conversation, and endeavour to attract attention to their own insignificant prattle; but all people of good sense and good nature delight in giving them useful information. In respect to the Learned Pig, I have heard things which are quite astonishing in a species of animals generally regarded as very stupid. The creature was shown for a sight in a room provided for the purpose, where a number of people assembled to view his performances. Two alphabets of large letters on card-paper were placed on the floor; one of the company was then desired to propose a word which he wished the pig to spell; this the keeper repeated to the pig, which picked out every letter successively with his snout, and collected them together till the word was completed. He was then desired to tell the hour of the day, and one of the company held a watch to him; this he seemed with his little


cunning eye to examine very attentively; and having done so, he picked out figures for the hour and minute of the day. He exhibited a number of other tricks of the same nature, to the great diversion of the spectators. For my own part, though I was in London at the time he was shown, and heard continually of this wonderful pig from persons of my acquaintance, I never went to see him; for I thought that great cruelty must have been used in teaching him things so foreign to his nature, and therefore would not give any encouragement to such a scheme.'

'And do you think,' said Harriet, 'that the pig knew the letters and could really spell words?'

'I think it possible, my dear, that the pig might be taught to know the letters at sight, one from the other, and that his keeper had some private sign by which he directed him to each that was wanted; but that he had an idea of spelling, I can never believe; nor are animals capable of attaining human sciences, because for these, human faculties are requisite; and no art of man can change the nature of anything, though he may be able to improve that nature to a certain degree, or at least to call forth powers which would otherwise be hidden from us. As far as this can be done consistently with our higher obligations, it may be an agreeable amusement, but will never answer any important purpose to mankind; and I would advise you, Harriet, never to give countenance to those people who show what they call learned animals. You may, with the money such a sight would cost you, procure for yourself a rational amusement, or even relieve some wretched creature from extreme distress. But, my dear, it is now time for you to retire to rest. I will therefore bid you good-night.'

## CHAPTER X.

*The Bensons fetch the Birds' Nests.*

EARLY in the morning the hen redbreast awakened her young brood. 'Come, my little ones,' said she, 'shake off your drowsiness; remember this is the day fixed for your entrance into the world. I desire that each of you will dress your feathers before you go out; for a slovenly bird is my aversion, and neatness is a great advantage to the appearance of every one.'

The father-bird was upon the wing betimes, that he might give each of his young ones a breakfast before they attempted to leave the nest. When he had fed them, he desired his mate to accompany him as usual to Mr. Benson's, where he found the parlour-window open, and his young friends sitting with their mother. Crumbs had been, according to custom, strewed before the window, which the other birds had nearly devoured: but the redbreasts took their usual post on the tea-table, and the father-bird sung his morning lay; after which they returned with all possible speed to the nest, for, having so important an affair to manage, they could not be long absent. Neither could their young benefactors pay so much attention to them as usual, for they were impatient to fetch the birds from Miss Jenkins's; there-

fore, as soon as breakfast was ended, they set out upon their expedition. Harriet carried a basket large enough to hold two nests, and Frederick a smaller one for the other. Thus equipped, with a servant attending them, they set off.

Mr. Jenkins's house was about a mile from Mr. Benson's ; it was delightfully situated ; there was a beautiful lawn and canal before it, and a charming garden behind ; on one side were corn-fields, and on the other a wood. In such a retreat as this, it was natural to expect to find a great many birds ; but, to Harriet's surprise, they saw only a few straggling ones here and there, which flew away the moment she and her brother appeared. On this Harriet observed to Frederick, that she supposed Edward Jenkins's practice of taking birds' nests had made all the birds so timid. She said a great deal to him about the cruelties that naughty boy had boasted of the evening before, which Frederick promised to remember.

As soon as they arrived at the house, Lucy Jenkins ran out to receive them ; but her brother was gone to school. ' We are come, my dear Lucy,' said Harriet, ' to fetch the birds you promised us.'

' Oh, I know not what to say to you, my dear,' said Lucy Jenkins. ' I have very bad news to tell you, and I fear you will blame me exceedingly, though not more than I blame myself. I heartily wish I had returned home immediately after the lecture your kind mother favoured me with yesterday, which showed me the cruelty of my behaviour, though I was then ashamed to own it.'

' I walked as fast as I could all the way from your house, and determined to give each of the little creatures a good supper ; for which purpose I had an egg boiled, and nicely chopped. I mixed up some bread and water very smooth, and put a little seed with

the chopped egg amongst it, and then carried it to the room where I left the nests. But what was my concern when I found that my care was too late for the greatest part of them ; every sparrow lay dead and bloody, they seemed to have killed each other.

‘In the nest of linnets, which were very young, I found one dead, two just expiring, and the other almost exhausted, but still able to swallow. To him, therefore, I immediately gave some of the food I had prepared, which greatly revived him ; and, as I thought he would suffer with cold in the nest by himself, I covered him over with wool, and had this morning the pleasure of finding him quite recovered.’

‘What, all the sparrows and three linnets dead?’ said Frederick, whose little eyes swam with tears at the melancholy tale ; ‘and, pray, have you starved all the blackbirds too ?’

‘Not all, my little friend,’ answered Lucy Jenkins ; ‘but I confess that some of them have fallen victims to my neglect. However, there are two fine ones alive, which I shall, with the surviving linnet, cheerfully resign to the care of my dear Harriet, whose tenderness will, I hope, be rewarded by the pleasure of hearing them sing when they are old enough. But I beg you will stay and rest yourselves after your walk.’

‘Let me see the birds first,’ said Frederick.

‘That you shall do,’ answered Lucy ; and taking him by the hand, she conducted him to the room in which she kept them, accompanied by Harriet. Lucy then fed the birds, and gave particular instructions for making their food, and declared that she would never be a receiver of birds’ nests any more ; but expressed her fear that it would be difficult to wean Edward from his propensity for taking them.

She then took her young friends into the parlour to her governess (for her mother was dead), who received them very kindly, and gave each of them a piece of cake and some fruit ; after which, Lucy led them again into the room where the birds were, and very carefully put the nest with the poor solitary linnet into one basket, and that with the two blackbirds into the other. Frederick was very urgent to carry the latter, which his sister consented to ; and then bidding adieu to their friend, they set off on their way home, attended by the maid as before.

Let us now return to the Redbreasts, whom we left on the wing flying back to the ivy wall, in order to take their young ones abroad.







LEARNING TO FLY—PAGE 54



## CHAPTER XI.

*The first Lesson in Flying—The young Birds in the Orchard—They are seen there by the Children.*



AS the father entered the nest, he cried out with a cheerful voice, 'Well, my nestlings, are you all ready?' 'Yes,' they replied. The mother then advanced, and desired that each of them would get upon the edge of the nest. Robin and Pecksy sprang up in an instant; but Dicky and Flapsy, being timorous, were not so expeditious.

The hearts of the parents felt great delight at the view they now had of their young family, which appeared to be strong, vigorous, and lively; and, in a word, endued with every gift of nature requisite to their success in the world.

'Now,' said the father, 'stretch your wings, Robin, and flutter them a little, in this manner (showing him the way); and be sure to observe my directions exactly. Very well,' said he, 'do not attempt to fly yet, for here is neither air nor space enough for that purpose. Walk gently after me to the wall; then follow me to the tree that stands close to it, and hop on from branch to branch, as you will see me do; then rest yourself; and as soon as you see me fly away, spread your wings, and exert all the strength you have to follow me.'

Robin acquitted himself to admiration, and alighted very safely on the ground.

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LEARNING TO FLY—PAGE 54



‘Now stand still,’ said the father, ‘till the rest join us.’ Then, going back, he called upon Dicky to do the same as his brother had done; but Dicky was very fearful of fluttering his wings, for he was a little coward, and expressed many apprehensions that he should not reach the ground without falling, as they were such a great height from it. His father, who was a very courageous bird, was quite angry with him.

‘Why, you foolish little thing,’ said he, ‘do you mean to stay in the nest by yourself and starve? I shall leave off bringing you food, I assure you. Do you think your wings were given you to be always folded by your sides, and that the whole employment of your life is to dress your feathers and make yourself look pretty? Without exercise you cannot long enjoy health; besides, you will soon have your livelihood to earn, and therefore idleness would in you be the height of folly. Get up this instant.’

Dicky, startled by his father’s displeasure, got up, and advanced as far as the branch from which he was to descend; but here his fears returned, and, instead of making an effort to fly, he stood flapping his wings in a most irresolute manner, and suffered his father to lead the way twice without following him. This good parent, finding he would not venture to fly, took a circuit unperceived by Dicky; and watching the opportunity, when his wings were a little spread, came suddenly behind him and pushed him off the branch. Dicky, finding himself in actual danger of falling, now gladly stretched his pinions, and, upborne by the air, he gently descended to the ground so near the spot where Robin stood, that the latter easily reached him by hopping.

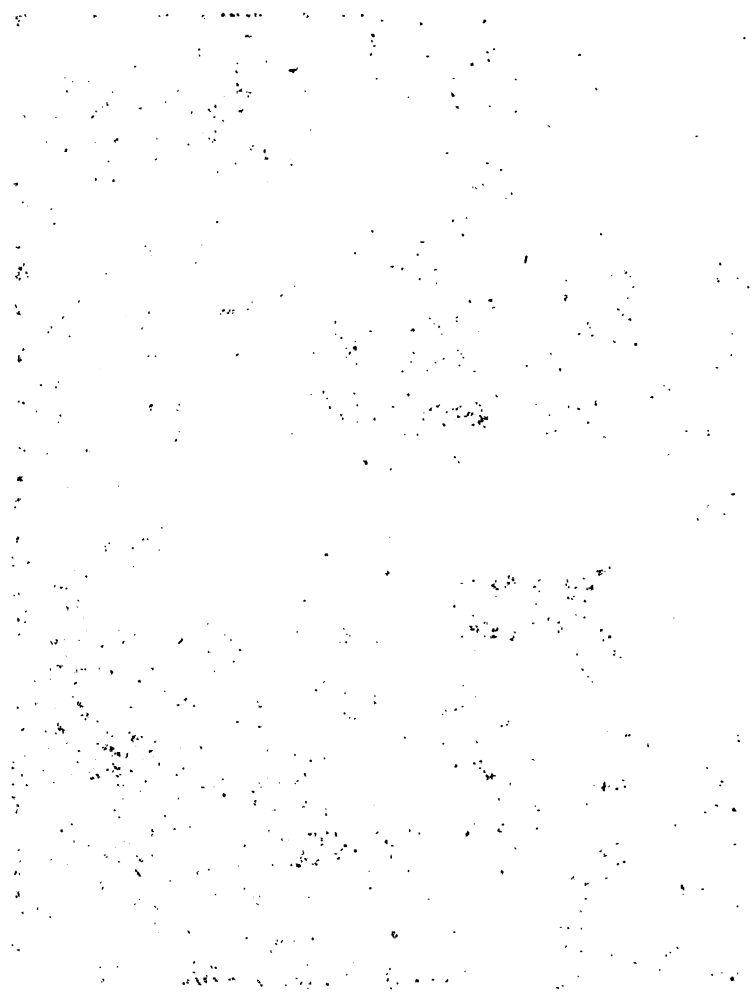
The mother now undertook to conduct Flapsy and Pecksy, whilst the father stayed to take care of the two already landed.

Flapsy made a thousand difficulties, but at length yielded to her mother's persuasions, and flew safely down. Pecksy, without the least hesitation, accompanied her, and, by exactly following the directions given, found the task much easier than she expected.

As soon as they had a little recovered from the fatigue and fright of their first essay at flying, they began to look around them with astonishment. Every object on which they turned their eyes excited their curiosity and wonder. They were no longer confined to a little nest, built in a small hole, but were now at full liberty in the open air. The orchard itself appeared to them a world. For some time each remained silent, gazing around, first at one thing, then at another; at length Flapsy cried out, 'What a charming place the world is! I never thought it was half so big!'

'And do you suppose, then, my dear,' replied the mother, 'that you now behold the whole of the world? I have seen but a small part of it myself, and yet have flown over so large a space, that what is at present within our view appears to me a little inconsiderable spot; and I have conversed with several foreign birds, who informed me that the countries they came from were so distant, they were many days on their journey hither, though they flew the nearest way, and scarcely allowed themselves any resting time.'

'Come,' said the father, 'let us proceed to business; we did not leave the nest merely to look about us. You are now, my young ones, safely landed on the ground; let me instruct you what you are to do on it. Every living creature that comes into the world has something allotted him to perform; therefore he should not



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THE CHILDREN IN THE WOOD—PAGE 57.



stand an idle spectator of what others are doing. We small birds have a very easy task, in comparison of many animals I have had an opportunity of observing, being only required to seek food for ourselves, build nests, and provide for our young ones till they are able to procure their own livelihood.

‘We have, indeed, enemies to dread ; hawks and other birds of prey will catch us up, if we are not upon our guard ; but the worst foes we have are those of the human race, though even among them we redbreasts have a better chance than many other birds, on account of a charitable action which two of our species are said to have performed towards a little boy and girl who were lost in a wood, where they were starved to death. The redbreasts I speak of saw the affectionate pair, hand in hand, stretched on the cold ground, and would have fed them, had they been capable of receiving nourishment ; but finding the poor babes quite dead, and being unable to bury them, they resolved to cover them with leaves. This was an arduous task, but many a redbreast has since shared the reward of it ; and I believe that those who do good to others always meet with a recompense some way or other. But I declare I am doing the very thing I was reproving you for, chattering away, when I should be minding business. Come, hop after me, and we shall soon find something worth having. Fear nothing, for you are now in a place of security ; there is no hawk near, and I have never seen any of the human race enter this orchard but the monsters who paid you visits in the nest, and others equally inoffensive.’

The father then hopped away, followed by Robin and Dicky, while his mate conducted the female part of the family. The parents instructed their young ones in what manner to seek for

food, and they proved very successful, for there were many insects just at hand.

Whilst all the business we have just described was going on in the redbreast family, Harriet was walking home with the poor birds in the baskets. 'Well, Frederick,' said she to him, 'what think you of bird-nesting now? Should you like to occasion the deaths of a number of little harmless creatures?' 'No, indeed,' said Frederick, 'and I think Lucy a very naughty girl for starving them.'

'She was to blame, but is now sorry for her fault, my dear, therefore you must not speak unkindly of her; besides, you know she has no kind mother, as we have, to teach her what is proper; and her father is obliged to be absent from home very often, and leave her to the care of a governess, who perhaps was never instructed herself to be tender to animals.'

With this kind of conversation they amused themselves as they walked, every now and then peeping into their baskets to see their little birds, which were very lively and well. They entreated the maid to take them through the orchard, which had a gate that opened into a meadow that lay in their way, having no doubt of obtaining admittance, as it was the usual hour for their friend Joe to work there. They accordingly knocked at the gate, which was immediately opened to them, and Frederick requested Joe to show him the robins' nest.

Just at this time the young robins were collected together near the gate, when they were suddenly alarmed with a repetition of the same noises which had formerly terrified them in the nest; and Robin, who was foremost, beheld, to his very great amazement, Master and Miss Benson, and the maid who attended them, with Joe

the gardener, who, having opened the gate, was, at the request of his young master and mistress, conducting them to the ivy wall.

Robin, with all his courage, and indeed he was not deficient in this quality, was seized with a great tremor ; for if the view he had of the faces of these persons had appeared so dreadful to him when he sat in the nest, what must it now be, to behold their full size, and see them advancing with, as he thought, gigantic strides towards him ? He expected nothing less than to be crushed to death by the foot of one of them ; and not having yet attained his full strength, and never having raised himself in the air, he knew not how to escape ; he therefore chirped so loudly as not only to surprise his brother and sisters, and bring his father and mother to inquire the meaning of his cry, but also to attract the attention of Frederick and Harriet.

‘What chirping is that ?’ cried the latter. ‘It was,’ said the maid, ‘the cry of a young bird ; was it not one of those in the baskets ?’ ‘No,’ said Frederick, ‘the noise came that way,’ pointing to some currant bushes ; ‘my birds are very well.’ ‘And so is my linnet,’ replied Harriet. Frederick then set down his charge very carefully, and began looking about in the place from whence he supposed the sound proceeded, when, to his great joy, he soon discovered the redbreasts and their little family. He called eagerly to his sister, who was equally pleased with the sight. They then stooped down to take a nearer view of them, by which means he directly fronted Robin, who, as soon as the young gentleman’s face was on a level with his eyes, recollected him, and calling to his brother and sisters, told them they need not be afraid.

Miss Benson followed her brother’s example, and delighted the little flock with the sight of her kind countenance. She heartily

lamented having nothing with which to regale her old favourites and their family, when Frederick produced from his pocket a piece of biscuit, which they crumbled and scattered. Miss Benson, recollecting that her mother would expect her home, and that the birds in the basket would be hungry, persuaded her brother to take up his little load and return ; they therefore left the red-breasts enjoying the fruits of their bounty.





THE GREEDY YOUNG ROBIN—PAGE 61.



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THE GREEDY YOUNG ROBIN—PAGE 61.



## CHAPTER XII.

*Robin and the Linnet—Pecksy's offering—Robin's conceit—Dicky, Flapsy, and Pecksy return to the Nest—Robin has a fall—His penitence—He sleeps in the Tool-house.*

HEN the happy birds had shared amongst them the kind present of their young benefactors, they hopped about in search of some moister food. Dicky had the good fortune to find four little worms together, but instead of calling his brother and sisters to partake of them, he devoured them all himself.

'Are you not ashamed, you little greedy creature?' cried his father, who observed his selfish disposition: 'what would you think of your brother and sisters were they to serve you so? In a family, every individual ought to consult the welfare of the whole, instead of his own private gratification. It is his own truest interest to do so. A day may come when he who has now sufficient to supply the wants of his relations may stand in need of assistance from them. But setting aside selfish considerations, which are the last that ever find place in a generous breast, how great is the pleasure of doing good and contributing to the happiness of others!'

Dicky was quite confounded, and immediately hopped away to find, if possible, something for his brother and sisters, that he might regain their good opinion.

In the meanwhile Robin found a caterpillar, which he intended

to take for Pecksy ; but just as he was going to pick it up, a linnet, which had a nest in the orchard, snatched it from him, and flew away with it.

With the most furious rage, Robin advanced to his father, and entreated that he would fly after the linnet and tear his heart out. 'That would be taking violent revenge indeed,' said his father. 'No, Robin, the linnet has as great a right to the caterpillar as you or I ; and, in all probability, he has as many little gaping mouths at home ready to receive it. He was very wrong, indeed, to seize upon the property of another ; but however this may be, I had, for my own part, rather sustain an injury than take revenge. You must expect to have many a scramble of this kind in your life ; but if you give way to a resentful temper, you will do yourself more harm than all the enemies in the world can do you ; for you will be in perpetual agitation, from an idea that every one who does not act exactly as you wish has a design against you. Therefore restrain your anger, that you may be happy ; for, believe me, peace and tranquillity are the most valuable things you can possess.'

At this instant, Pecksy came up with a fine fat spider in her mouth, which she laid down at her mother's feet, and thus addressed her : 'Accept, my dear parent, the first tribute of gratitude which I have ever been able to offer you. How have I formerly longed to ease those toils which you and my dear father endured for our sakes ; and gladly would I now release you from further fatigue on my account, but I am still a poor creature, and must continue to take shelter under your wing. I will hop, however, as long as I am able to procure food for the family.' The eyes of the mother sparkled with delight ; and knowing that Pecksy's love would be disappointed by a refusal, she ate the spider which the dutiful

nestling had so affectionately brought her ; and then said, 'How happy would families be if every one, like you, my dear Pecksy, consulted the welfare of the rest, instead of turning their whole attention to their own interest !'

Dicky was not present at this speech, which he might have considered as a reflection on his own conduct ; but he arrived as it was ended, and presented Pecksy with a worm, like those he had himself so greedily eaten. She received it with thanks, and declared it was doubly welcome from his beak.

'Certainly,' said the mother, 'fraternal love stamps a value on the most trifling presents.' Dicky felt himself happy in having regained the good opinion of his mother and obliged his sister, and resolved to be generous for the future. The mother-bird now reminded her mate that it would be proper to think of returning to the nest. 'If the little ones fatigue themselves too much with hopping about,' said she, 'their strength will be exhausted, and they will not be able to fly back.'

'True, my love,' replied her mate ; 'gather them under your wings a little, as there is no reason to apprehend danger here, and then we will see what they can do.' She complied with his desire, and when they were sufficiently rested, she got up, on which the whole brood instantly raised themselves on their feet.

'Now, Robin,' cried the father, 'let us see your dexterity in flying upwards ; come, I will show you how to raise yourself.'

'Oh, you need not take that trouble,' said the conceited bird ; 'as I flew down, I warrant I know how to fly up.' Then spreading his wings, he attempted to rise, but in so unskilful a manner, that he only shuffled along upon the ground.

'That will not do, however,' cried the father ; 'shall I show you

now?' Robin persisted in it that he stood in no need of instruction, and tried again; he managed to raise himself a little way, but soon tumbled headlong. His mother then began reproving him for his obstinacy, and advised him to accept his father's kind offer of teaching him.

'You may depend on it, Robin,' she said, 'that he is in every respect wiser than you; and as he has had so much practice, he must of course be expert in the art of flying; and if you persist in making your foolish experiments, you will only commit a number of errors, and make yourself ridiculous; I should commend your courage, provided you would add prudence to it; but blundering on in this ignorant manner is only rashness.'

'Let him alone, let him alone,' said the father; 'if he is above being taught, he may find his own way to the nest; I will teach his brother. Come,' said he, 'Dicky, let us see what you can do at flying upwards; you cut a noble figure this morning when you flew down.'

Dicky, with reluctance, advanced; he said he did not see what occasion they had to go back to the nest at all; he should suppose they might easily find some snug corner to creep into, till they were strong enough to roost in trees, as other birds did.

'Why, you,' said the father, 'are as ridiculous with your timidity as Robin with his self-conceit. Those who give way to groundless fears, generally expose themselves to real dangers; if you rest on the earth all night, you will suffer a great deal from cold and damp, and may very likely be devoured, whilst you sleep, by rats and other creatures that go out in the night to seek for food; whereas, if you determine to go back to the nest, you have but one effort to make, for which, I will venture to say, you have sufficient strength,

and then you will lie warm, safe, and quiet ; however, do as you will.'

Dicky began to think that it was his interest to obey his father, and said he would endeavour to fly up, but was still fearful he should not be able to do it.

'Never despair,' replied his father, 'of doing what others have done before you. Turn your eyes upwards, and behold what numbers of birds are at this instant soaring in the air. They were once all nestlings like yourself. See there that new-fledged wren, with what courage she skims along ; let it not be said that a red-breast lies grovelling on the earth while a wren soars above him !'

Dicky was now ashamed of himself, and inspired with emulation ; therefore, without delay, he spread his wings and his tail ; his father with pleasure placed himself in a proper attitude before him, then rising from the ground, led the way ; and Dicky, by carefully following his example, safely arrived at the nest, which he found a most comfortable resting-place after the fatigue of the morning, and rejoiced that he had a good father to teach him what was most conducive to his welfare.

The father having seen him safe home, returned to his mate, who during his short absence had been endeavouring to convince Robin of his fault, but to no purpose ; he did not like to be taught what he still persuaded himself he could do by his own exertions ; she therefore applied herself to Flapsy.

'Come, my dear,' said she, 'get ready to follow me when your father returns ; for the sun casts a great heat here, and the nest will be quite comfortable to you.' Flapsy dreaded the experiment ; however, as she could not but blame both Robin's and Dicky's conduct, she resolved to do her best ; but entreated her mother to



inform her very particularly how to proceed. 'Well, then,' said the tender parent, 'observe me. First, bend your legs, then spring from the ground as quick as you can, stretching your wings as you rise straight out on each side of your body ; shake them with a quick motion, as you will see me do, and the air will yield to you, and at the same time support your weight ; whichever way you want to turn, strike the air with the wing on the contrary side, and that will bring you about.' She then rose from the ground, and having practised two or three times repeatedly what she had been teaching, Flapsy at length ventured to follow her, but with a beating heart ; and was soon happily seated in the nest by the side of Dicky, who rejoiced that his favourite sister was safely arrived.

The mother-bird now went back to Pecksy, who was waiting with her father till she returned ; for the good parent chose to leave the female part of his family to the particular management of their mother.

Pecksy was fully prepared for her flight, for she had attentively observed the instruction given to the others, and also their errors ; she therefore kept the happy medium betwixt self-conceit and timidity, indulging that moderated emulation which ought to possess every young heart ; and resolving that neither her inferiors nor equals should soar above her, she sprang from the ground, and with a steadiness and agility wonderful for her first essay, followed her mother to the nest, who, instead of stopping to rest herself there, flew to a neighbouring tree, that she might be at hand to assist Robin, should he repent of his folly ; but Robin disappointed her hopes, for he sat sulky ; though convinced he had been in the wrong, he would not humble himself to his father, who therefore resolved to leave him a little while, and return to the nest.

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‘We have, indeed, enemies to dread ; hawks and other birds of prey will catch us up, if we are not upon our guard ; but the worst foes we have are those of the human race, though even among them we redbreasts have a better chance than many other birds, on account of a charitable action which two of our species are said to have performed towards a little boy and girl who were lost in a wood, where they were starved to death. The redbreasts I speak of saw the affectionate pair, hand in hand, stretched on the cold ground, and would have fed them, had they been capable of receiving nourishment ; but finding the poor babes quite dead, and being unable to bury them, they resolved to cover them with leaves. This was an arduous task, but many a redbreast has since shared the reward of it ; and I believe that those who do good to others always meet with a recompense some way or other. But I declare I am doing the very thing I was reproving you for, chattering away, when I should be minding business. Come, hop after me, and we shall soon find something worth having. Fear nothing, for you are now in a place of security ; there is no hawk near, and I have never seen any of the human race enter this orchard but the monsters who paid you visits in the nest, and others equally inoffensive.’

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ROBIN STUNNED BY HIS FALL—PAGE 67.





ROBIN STUNNED BY HIS FALL—PAGE 67.



As soon as Robin found himself deserted, instead of being sorry, he gave way to anger and resentment. 'Why,' cried he, 'am I to be treated in this manner, who am the eldest of the family, while all the little darlings are fondled and caressed! But I don't care, I can get to the nest yet, I make no doubt.' He then attempted to fly, and after a great many trials, at length got up in the air, but not knowing which way to direct his course, he sometimes turned to the right and sometimes to the left; now he advanced forwards a little, and now, fearing he was wrong, came back again; at length, quite spent with fatigue, he fell to the ground, and bruised himself a good deal. Stunned with the fall, he lay for some minutes without sense or motion; but soon reviving and finding himself alone in this dismal condition, the horrors of his situation filled him with dreadful apprehensions and the bitterest remorse.

'Oh,' cried he, 'that I had but followed the advice and example of my tender parents! then had I been safe in the nest, blest with their kind caresses, and enjoying the company of my dear brother and sisters; but now I am of all birds the most wretched; never shall I be able to fly, for every joint of me has received a shock which I fear it will not recover. Where shall I find shelter from the scorching sun, whose piercing rays already render the ground I lie on intolerably hot! What kind beak will supply me with food to assuage the pangs of hunger which I shall soon feel! by what means shall I procure even a drop of water to quench that thirst which so frequently returns! Who will protect me from the various tribes of barbarous animals which I have been told make a prey of birds! Oh, my dear, my tender mother, if the sound of my voice can reach your ears, pity my condition, and fly to my succour.'

The kind parent waited not for further solicitation, but darting



from the branch on which she had been a painful eye-witness of Robin's fall, she instantly stood before him.

'I have listened,' said she, 'to your lamentations ; and since you seem convinced of your error, I will not add to your sufferings by my reproaches ; my heart relents towards you, and gladly would I afford you all the aid in my power ; but alas, I can do but little for your relief ; however, let me persuade you to exert all the strength you have, and use every effort for your own preservation. I will endeavour to procure you some refreshment, and, at the same time, contrive means of fixing you in a place of more security and comfort than that in which you at present lie.' So saying, she flew to a little stream which flowed in an adjacent meadow, and fetched, from the brink of it, a worm which she had observed as she perched on the tree ; with this she immediately returned to the penitent Robin, who received the welcome gift with gratitude.

Refreshed with this delicious morsel, and comforted by his mother's kindness, he was able to stand up, and, on shaking his wings, he found that he was not so greatly hurt as he apprehended ; his head, indeed, was bruised, so that one eye was almost closed, and he had injured the joint of one wing, so that he could not possibly fly ; however, he could manage to hop, and the parent bird observing that Joe the gardener was cutting a hawthorn hedge, which was near the spot, desired Robin to follow her ; this he did, though with great pain. 'Now,' said she, 'look carefully about, and you will soon find insects of one kind or another, for your sustenance during the remainder of the day, and before evening I will return to you again. Summon all your courage, for I make no doubt you will be safe while your friend continues his work, as none of those creatures which are enemies to birds will

venture to come near him.' Robin took a sorrowful farewell, and the mother flew to the nest.

'You have been absent a long time, my love,' said her mate, 'but I perceived you were indulging your tenderness towards that disobedient nestling, who has rendered himself unworthy of it; however, I do not condemn you for giving him assistance; for had not you undertaken the task, I would myself have flown to him instead of returning home. How is he? likely to live and reward your kindness?' 'Yes,' said she, 'he will, I flatter myself, soon perfectly recover, for his hurt is not very considerable; and I have the pleasure to tell you, he is extremely sensible of his late folly, and I daresay will endeavour to repair his fault with future good behaviour.' 'This is pleasing news indeed,' said he.

The little nestlings, delighted to hear their dear brother was safe and convinced of his error, expressed great joy and satisfaction, and entreated their father to let them descend again and keep him company. To this he would by no means consent, because, as he told them, the fatigue would be too great; and it was proper that Robin should feel a little longer the consequences of his presumption. 'To-morrow,' said he, 'you shall pay him a visit, but to-day he shall be by himself.' On this, they dropped their request, knowing that their parent was the best judge of what was proper to be done; and not doubting but that his affection would lead him to do everything that was conducive to the real happiness of his family; but yet they could not tell how to be happy without Robin, and were continually perking up their little heads, fancying they heard his cries. Both their father and mother frequently took a peep at him, and had the satisfaction of seeing him very safe by their friend Joe the gardener, though the honest fellow did not

know of his own guardianship, and continued his work without perceiving the little cripple, who hopped and shuffled about, pecking, here and there, whatever he could meet with.

When he had been for some time by himself, his mother paid him another visit, and told him she had interceded with his father, whose anger was abated, and he would come to him before he went to rest. Robin rejoiced to hear that there was a chance of his being reconciled to his father, yet he dreaded the first interview: however, as it must be, he wished to have it over as soon as possible; and every wing he heard beat the air he fancied to be that of his offended parent. In this state of anxious expectation, he continued almost to the time of sun-setting, when, of a sudden, he heard the well-known voice to which he used to listen with joy, but which now caused his whole frame to tremble; but observing a kindness in that eye, in which he looked for anger and reproach, he cast himself, in the most supplicating manner, at the feet of his father, who could no longer resist the desire he felt to receive him into favour.

‘Your present humility, Robin,’ said he, ‘disarms my resentment; I gladly pronounce your pardon, and am persuaded you will never again incur my displeasure; we will therefore say no more on a subject which gives so much pain to us.’

‘Yes, my dear indulgent father,’ cried Robin, ‘permit me to make my grateful acknowledgments for your kindness, and to assure you of my future obedience.’ The delighted parent accepted his submission, and the reconciliation was completed.

By this time Robin was greatly exhausted; his kind father, therefore, conducted him to a pump in the garden where he refreshed himself with a few drops of water. He now felt himself greatly relieved; but on his father’s asking him what he intended to do with himself at night, his spirits sunk again, and he answered he



he pursued his work without interruption; he shuffled about, packing, and unpacking, and so forth.

At length, his mother, pale and anxious, called with his father, and begged to see him before he went. He was obliged to him before he went. There was a chance of his being called the first interview: he would have it over as soon as possible; but he must need to be that of his own free will. In expectation, he continued to work, when, at a sudden, he heard the door open, and a voice called to him with joy, but which he knew to be his father's. He went out, observing a kindness in the manner of the father. He cast his eyes upon the father, who, at the sight of his father, who was so much to receive him into favour, he said, 'as my father, I am, and am persuaded you will therefore say me each pain to us.'

Yes, said the father, cried Robin, 'permit me to say as for your kindness, and I am, and am persuaded you will therefore say me each pain to us.'

The time Robin was so exhausted; his kind father, directed him to go to the garden where he refreshed himself with a drop of water. He now felt himself greatly refreshed by his father's asking him what he intended to do. At night, his spirits sunk again, and he answered he



LITTLE ROBIN SAFELY HOUSED—PAGE 71.



did not know. 'Well,' said the father, 'I have thought of an expedient to secure you from cold at least. In a part of the orchard, a very little way from hence, there is a place belonging to our friend the gardener, where I have sheltered myself from several storms, and am sure it will afford you a comfortable lodging; so follow me before it is too late.' The old bird then led the way, and his son followed him; when they arrived, they found the door of the tool-house open, and as the threshold was low, Robin managed to get over it. His father looked carefully about, and at last found in a corner, a parcel of shreds, kept for the purpose of nailing up trees. 'Here, Robin,' said he, 'is a charming bed for you; let me see you in it, and call your mother to have a peep, and then I must bid you good-night.' So saying, away he flew, and brought his mate, who was perfectly satisfied with the lodging provided for her late undutiful but now repentant son; but, reminded by her mate that if they stayed longer they might be shut in, they took leave, telling Robin they would visit him early in the morning.

Though this habitation was much better than Robin expected, and, he was ready enough to own, better than he deserved, yet he deeply regretted his absence from the nest, and longed to see again his brother and sisters; however, though part of the night was spent in bitter reflections, fatigue at length got the better of his anxiety, and he fell asleep. The nestlings were greatly pleased to find that Robin was likely to escape the dangers of the night, and even the anxious mother at length resigned herself to repose.

Before the sun showed his glorious face in the east, every individual of this affectionate family was awake: the father with impatience waited for the gardener's opening the tool-house; the mother prepared her little ones for a new excursion.



‘You will be able to descend with more ease, my dears, to-day than you did yesterday, will you not?’ ‘O yes, mother,’ said Dicky; ‘I shall not be at all afraid.’ ‘Nor I,’ said Flapsy. ‘Say you so? then let us see which of you will be down first,’ said she. ‘Come, I will show you the way.’

On this, with gradual flight, the mother bent her course to a spot near the place where Robin lay concealed; they all instantly followed her, and surprised their father, who, having seen Joe, was every instant expecting he would open the door; at length, to the joy of the whole party, the gardener appeared, and they soon saw him fetch his shears, and leave the tool-house open; on this, the mother proposed that they should all go together and call Robin. There they found him in his snug little bed; but who can describe the happy meeting, who can find words to express the joy which filled every little bosom!

When the first transports were over, ‘I think,’ said the father, ‘it will be best to retire from hence; if our friend returns, he may take us for a set of thieves, and suppose that we came to eat his seeds, and I should be sorry he had an ill opinion of us.’ ‘Well, I am ready,’ said his mate; ‘And we,’ cried the whole brood; they accordingly left the tool-house, and hopped about the currant-bushes. ‘I think,’ said the father, ‘that you who have the full use of your limbs could manage to get up these low trees, but Robin must content himself upon the ground a little longer.’ This was very mortifying, but he had no one to blame except himself; so he forbore to complain, and assumed as much cheerfulness as he could. His brother and sisters begged they might stay with him all day, as they could do very well without going up to the nest; to this the parents consented.

## CHAPTER XIII.

*Mrs. Benson assists a Family in distress.*



It is now time to inquire after Frederick and Harriet Benson. These happy children reached home soon after they left the redbreasts, and related every circumstance of their expedition to their kind mother, who, hearing the little prisoners in the basket chirp very loudly, desired they would immediately go and feed them, which they gladly did; and then took a short lesson. Mrs. Benson told Harriet that she was going to pay a visit in the afternoon, and would take her with her; therefore desired she would keep herself quite still, that she might not be fatigued after the walk she had had in the morning; for though she meant to go in the carriage, it was her intention to walk home, as the weather was so remarkably fine. The young lady took great care of the birds; and Frederick engaged, with the assistance of the maid, to feed them during her absence. Harriet then put by her books carefully, and prepared to attend her mother.

After Mrs. Benson and her daughter had paid their visit, they were returning home on foot, when their attention was attracted to the supplication of a poor woman, who entreated them to give her some relief, as she had a sick husband and seven children in a starving condition ; of which, she said, they might be eye-witnesses, if they would have the goodness to step into a barn that was very near.

Mrs. Benson, who was always ready to relieve the distressed, taking her daughter by the hand, and desiring the servant to stop for her, followed the woman, who conducted her to a wretched cabin, where she beheld a father, surrounded by his helpless family, whom he could no longer maintain ; and who, though his disease was nearly cured, was himself almost ready to die for want of good nourishing diet.

‘How came you all to be in this condition, good woman ?’ said Mrs. Benson to his wife ; ‘surely you might have obtained relief before your husband was reduced to such extremity ?’

‘Oh, my good lady,’ said the woman, ‘we have not been used to beg, but to earn an honest livelihood by our industry ; and never, till this sad day, have I known what it was to ask charity. This morning, for the first time, I went to the road-side, and asked charity from those passing ; but some disbelieved my story, and others gave me so little that I felt myself quite discouraged ; I even determined that I never would ask again ; but the sight of my dear husband and children in this condition drove me to do it.’

‘Well, comfort yourself,’ said Mrs. Benson ; ‘we will see what we can do ; in the meantime, here is something for a present supply.’ Mrs. Benson then departed, as she was fearful of walking late.

‘I rejoice sincerely,’ said Mrs. Benson, as they were walking home, ‘at having been fortunate enough to come in time to assist this poor miserable family, and hope, my love, you will, out of your own little purse, contribute something towards their relief.’ ‘Most willingly,’ said Harriet; ‘they shall be welcome to my whole store.’


They kept talking on this subject till they arrived at home.

Little Frederick, who sat up an hour beyond his time, came out to meet them, and assured his sister that the birds were well and fast asleep. ‘I think,’ said she, ‘it is time for you and me to follow their example; for my part, with my morning and evening’s walk together, I am really tired, so I wish you a good night, my dear mother.’ ‘Good night, my love,’ said Mrs. Benson; ‘I am rather fatigued also, and shall soon retire to rest.’



## CHAPTER XIV.

*Frederick feeds the Orphan Nestlings.*

 AT the usual hour of visiting Mrs. Benson's breakfast-table, the next day, the parent robins took their morning's flight, and found the young children with their mother. They had been up a long time, for Frederick had made a lodging for the birds in his bedroom, and they had awakened both him and his sister at a very early hour; so they rose with great readiness to perform the kind office they imposed upon themselves.

The two blackbirds were perfectly well, but the linnet looked rather drooping, and they began to be apprehensive they should not raise him, especially when they found he was not inclined to eat. As for the blackbirds, they were very hungry; and their young benefactors, not considering that, when fed by their parents, young birds wait some time between every morsel, supplied them too fast, and filled their crops so full, that they looked as if they had great wens on their necks; and Harriet perceived one of them gasping for breath. 'Stop, Frederick,' said she, as he was carrying the quill to its mouth; 'the bird is so full, he can hold no more.' But she spoke too late; the little creature closed his eyes, and fell on one side, suffocated. 'Oh, he is dead! he is dead!' cried

Frederick. 'He is, indeed,' said Harriet; 'but I am sure we never thought it would kill him; and it is some satisfaction to think that we did not take the nest.'

This consideration was not sufficient to comfort Frederick, who began to cry most bitterly; his mother, hearing him, was apprehensive he had hurt himself, for he seldom cried, unless he was in great pain; she therefore entered the room hastily to inquire what was the matter, on which Harriet related the disaster that had happened. Mrs. Benson then sat down, and taking Frederick on her lap, wiped his eyes, and giving him a kiss, said, 'I am sorry, my love, for your disappointment; but do not afflict yourself, the poor little thing is out of his pain now, and I fancy suffered but for a short time. If you keep on crying so, you will forget to feed your flock of birds, which I fancy, by the chirping I heard from my window, are beginning to assemble. Come, let me take the object of your distress out of your sight; it must be buried.' Then carrying the dead bird in one hand, and leading Frederick with the other, she went down-stairs.

While she was speaking, Harriet had been watching the other blackbird, which she had soon the pleasure to see perfectly at his ease.

She then attempted to feed the linnet, but he would not eat. 'I fancy, Miss,' said the maid, 'he wants air.' 'That may be the case, indeed,' replied Miss Benson; 'for you know, Betty, this room, which has been shut up all night, must be much closer than the birds build in.' Saying this, she opened the window, and placed the linnet near it, waiting to see the effect of the experiment, which answered her wishes; and she was delighted to behold how the little creature gradually smoothed his feathers, and his eyes

resumed their native lustre ; she once more offered him food, which he took, and quite recovered. Having done all in her power for her little orphans, she went to share with her brother the task of feeding the daily pensioners ; which being ended, she seated herself at the breakfast-table by her mother.

‘I wonder,’ said Frederick, who had dried up his tears, ‘that the robins are not come.’ ‘Consider,’ replied his sister, ‘that they have a great deal of business to do now their young ones begin to leave their nest ; they will be here by and by, I make no doubt.’ An instant after, they entered the room. The sight of them perfectly restored Frederick’s cheerfulness ; and after they were departed, he requested that he and Harriet might go again into the orchard, in hopes of seeing the young robins. ‘That you shall do, Frederick,’ said his mother, ‘upon condition that you continue a very good boy ; but as yesterday was rather an idle day, and Harriet has a great deal of business to do, you must wait till evening, and then, perhaps, I may go with you.’

Frederick was satisfied with this promise, and took great pains to read and spell. He repeated by heart one of Mrs. Barbauld’s hymns, and some other little things which he had been taught ; and Miss Benson applied herself to a variety of different lessons with great diligence, and performed her task of work entirely to her mother’s satisfaction.

## CHAPTER XV.

*Robin's injuries—A Hawk—The Pump—Robin Lost and Found.*

**A**S soon as the old redbreasts left their little family, in order to go to Mrs. Benson's, Pecksy, with great kindness, began to ask Robin where he had hurt himself, and how he did. 'Oh,' said he, 'I am much better; but it is a wonder I am now alive, for you cannot think what a dreadful fall I had. With turning about as I did in the air, I became quite giddy, so could not make the least exertion for saving myself as I was falling, and came with great force to the ground; you see how my eye is still swelled, and it was much more so at first. My wing is the worst, and still gives me a good deal of pain; observe how it drags on the ground; but, as it is not broken, my father says it will soon be well; and I hope it will be so, for I long to be flying, and shall be glad to receive any instructions for the future. I cannot think how I could be so foolishly conceited as to suppose I knew how to conduct myself without my father's guidance.'

'Young creatures like us,' said Pecksy, 'certainly stand in need of instruction, and ought to think ourselves happy in having parents who are willing to take the trouble of teaching us what is necessary for us to know. I dread the day when I must quit the



nest and take care of myself.' Flapsy said, she made no doubt they should know how to fly, and peck, and do everything before that time: and, for her part, she longed to see the world, and to know how the higher ranks of birds behaved themselves, and what pleasures they enjoyed. And Dicky declared he felt the same wishes, though, he must confess, he had great dread of birds of prey. 'Oh,' said Flapsy, 'they will never seize such a pretty creature as you, Dicky, I am sure.' 'Why, if beauty can prevail against cruelty, you will be secure, my sweet sister,' replied he, 'for your delicate shape must plead in your behalf.'

Just as he had finished his speech, a hawk appeared in sight, on which the whole party was seized with a most uncommon sensation, and threw themselves on their backs, screaming with all their might; and at the same instant, the cries of numbers of little birds echoed through the orchard. The redbreasts soon recovered, and, rising on their feet, looked about to see what was become of the cause of their consternation; when they beheld him high in the air, bearing off some unhappy victim, a few of whose feathers fell near the young family, who, on examining them, found they belonged to a goldfinch; on which Pecksy observed, that it was evident these savages paid no attention to personal beauty. Dicky was so terrified he knew not what to do, and had thoughts of flying back to the nest; but after Robin's misfortune, he was fearful of offending his father; he therefore got up into a currant-bush, and hid himself in the thickest part of the leaves. Flapsy followed him; but Robin being obliged to keep on the ground, Pecksy kindly resolved to bear him company.

In a few minutes their parents returned from Mr. Benson's, and found the two latter pretty near where they had left them; but

missing the others, the mother, with great anxiety, inquired what was become of them. Robin then related how they had been frightened by a hawk; and while he was doing so, they returned to him again.

‘I am surprised,’ said the father, ‘that a hawk should have ventured so near the spot where the gardener was at work.’ Pecksy informed him that they had not seen the gardener since he left them. ‘Then I dare say he is gone to breakfast,’ replied the mother; and this was the case, for they at this instant saw him return with his shears in his hand, and soon pursue his work. ‘Now you will be safe,’ cried the father; ‘I shall therefore stay and teach you to fly in different directions, and then your mother and I will make some little excursions, and leave you to practise by yourselves; but, first of all, let me show you where to get water, for I fear you must be very thirsty.’ ‘No,’ said they, ‘we have had several wet worms and juicy caterpillars, which have served us both for food and drink—Robin is very quick at finding them.’ ‘There is nothing like necessity to teach birds how to live,’ said his father; ‘I am glad Robin’s misfortunes have been so beneficial to him.’ ‘What would have become of you, Robin, if you had not exerted yourself as I directed?’ said his mother; ‘you would soon have died had you continued to lie on the scorching ground. Remember, from this instance, as long as you live, that it is better to use means for your own relief than to spend time in fruitless lamentations. But come along, Dicky, Flapsy, and Pecksy, there is water near.’ She then conducted them to the pump from whence Joe watered the garden, which was near the tool-house where Robin slept.

Here they stayed some time, and were greatly amused; still so

near the gardener, that they regarded themselves as under his protection. The parents flew up into a tree, and there the father entertained his beloved mate and family with his cheerful music ; and sometimes they made various airy excursions, for examples to their little ones, who all longed to be able to imitate them. In this manner the day passed happily away ; and early in the evening, Flapsy, Pecksy, and Dicky, were conducted to the nest. They mounted in the air with much more ease than the preceding day, and the parents instructed them how to fly to the branches of some trees which stood near the ivy wall.

In the meantime, they had left Robin by himself, thinking he would be safe while the gardener was mowing some grass ; but what was the grief of both father and mother when they returned, and could neither see nor hear him ! The gardener, too, was gone ; they therefore apprehended that a cat or a rat had taken Robin away and killed him, yet none of his feathers were to be seen. With the most anxious search they explored every recess in which they thought it possible for him to be, and strained their little voices till they were hoarse with calling him, but all in vain : the tool-house was locked, but had he been there he would have answered ; at length, quite in despair of finding him, with heavy hearts they returned to the nest ; a general lamentation ensued, and this lately happy abode was now the region of sorrow. The father endeavoured to comfort his mate and surviving nestlings, and so far succeeded, that they resolved to bear the loss with patience.

After a mournful night, the mother left the nest early in the morning, unwilling to relinquish the hope which still remained of finding Robin again ; but having spent an hour in this manner, she returned to her mate, who was comforting his little ones.

‘Come,’ said he, ‘let us take a flight ; if we sit lamenting here for ever, it will be to no purpose ; the evils which befall us must be borne, and the more quietly we submit to them, the lighter they will be. If poor Robin is dead, he will suffer no more ; and if he is not, as we fly about so much, it is a chance but what we get tidings of him : suppose these little ones attempt to fly with us to our benefactors ? If we set out early, and let them rest frequently by the way, I think they may accomplish it.’ This was very pleasing to every one of the little ones, for they longed to go thither ; and accordingly it was determined that they should immediately set out, and they accomplished the journey by easy stages ; at length they all arrived in the court, just after the daily pensioners were gone.

‘Now,’ said the father, ‘stop a little, and let me advise you, Dicky, Flapsy, and Pecksy, to behave yourselves properly ; hop only where you see your mother and me hop, and do not meddle with anything but what is scattered on purpose.’ ‘Stay, father,’ said Dicky, ‘my feathers are sadly rumped.’ ‘And so are mine,’ said Flapsy. ‘Well, smooth them, then,’ said he, ‘but don’t stand wasting time.’ Pecksy was ready in an instant, but the others were very tedious ; so their father and mother would wait for them no longer, and flew into the window ; the others directly followed them, and, to the inexpressible satisfaction of Frederick Benson, alighted on the breakfast-table, where they met with a very unexpected pleasure ; for who should they find there as a guest, but the poor lost Robin !

The meeting was, as you may be sure, a happy one for all parties ; and the transports it occasioned may be easier conceived than described. The father poured forth a loud song of gratitude ;

the mother chirped, she bowed her head, clapped her wings, basked on the table, joined her beak to Robin's, then touched the hand of Frederick. As for the young ones, they twittered a thousand questions to Robin ; but, as he was unwilling to interrupt his father's song, he desired them to suspend their curiosity to another opportunity. But it is now time to satisfy yours, my young readers. I shall therefore inform you in the ensuing chapter by what means Robin was placed in this happy situation.



## CHAPTER XVI.

*Frederick catches Robin—He is carried in-doors in a hat—The young Birds are too familiar.*

**Y**OU may remember, my young readers, that Frederick obtained from his mother a promise, that when the business of daily instruction was finished, he and his sister should go into the orchard in search of the robins; as soon, therefore, as the air was sufficiently cool, she took them with her, and arrived just after the parent birds had taken their young ones back to the nest. Robin was then left by himself, and kept hopping about, and fearing no danger, got into the middle of the walk. Frederick descried him at a distance, and eagerly called out, 'There's one of them, I declare;' and, before Mrs. Benson observed him, he ran to the place, and clapped his little hand over it, exulting that he had caught it. The pressure of his hand hurt Robin's wing, who sent forth piteous cries; on which Frederick let him go, and said, 'I won't hurt you, you little thing.'

Harriet, who saw him catch the bird, ran as fast as possible to prevent his detaining it; and perceived, as Robin hopped away, that he was lame, on which she concluded that her brother had hurt him; but, on Frederick's assuring her that his wing hung down when he first saw him, Mrs. Benson said, 'It was most likely he was lamed by some accident, which had prevented his going

with the others to the nest ; and if that is the case,' said she, 'it will be humane and charitable to take care of him.'

Frederick was delighted to hear her say so, and asked whether he might carry it home. 'Yes,' said his mother, 'provided you can take him safely.' 'Shall I carry him, madam ?' said Joe ; 'he can lie nicely in my hat.' This was an excellent scheme, and all parties approved of it ; so Frederick took some of the soft grass which was mown down, to put at the bottom, and poor Robin was caught again and safely deposited in this vehicle, which served him for a litter ; and perceiving into what hands he had fallen, he inwardly rejoiced, knowing that he had an excellent chance of being provided for, as well as of seeing his dear relations again. I need not say that great care was taken of him ; and you will easily suppose he had a more comfortable night than that he had passed in the shed.

When Frederick and Harriet arose the next morning, one of their first cares was to feed the birds, and they had the pleasure to see all their nestlings in a very thriving condition ; both the linnet and the blackbird now hopped out of their nests to be fed, to the great diversion of Frederick. But this pleasure was soon damped by an unlucky accident ; for the blackbird being placed in a window which was open, hopped too near the edge, and fell to the ground, where he was snapped up by a dog, and torn to pieces in an instant. Frederick began to lament as before ; but on his sister's reminding him that the creature was past the sense of pain, he restrained himself, and turned his attention to the linnet, which he put into a cage, that he might not meet the same fate. He then went to feed the flock, and to inquire after Robin, whom Mrs. Benson had taken into her own room lest Frederick should handle

and hurt him ; to his great joy he found him much better, for he could begin to use his injured wing. Frederick was therefore trusted to carry him into the breakfast parlour, where he placed him as has been already described.

For some time the young redbreasts behaved very well ; but at length Dicky, familiarised by the kind treatment he met with, forgot his father's injunctions, and began to hop about in a very rude manner ; he even jumped into the plate of bread and butter : and having a mind to taste the tea, hopped on the edge of a cup ; but, dipping his foot in the hot liquid, he was glad to make a hasty retreat. Flapsy took the freedom of pecking at the sugar, but found it too hard for her beak. For these liberties their mother reproved them, saying, she would never bring them with her again, if they were guilty of such rudeness as to take what was not offered to them.


As their longer stay would have broken in on a plan which Mrs. Benson had concerted, she rang her bell, and the footman came to remove the breakfast things ; on which the old birds, having taken leave of Robin, and promised to come again the next day, flew out at the window, followed by Dicky, Flapsy, and Pecksy. Robin was safely deposited in a cage, and passed a happy day, being often allowed to hop out, in order to be fed.

The parent birds alighted in the court, and conducted their little ones to the water which was set out for them, after which they all returned to the nest ; here the young ones rested till the afternoon, and then their parents took them out, in order to show them the orchard.



## CHAPTER XVII.

*The young Birds extend their flight—They become acquainted with other Birds.*

OU have not yet seen,' said the father, 'the whole extent of this place, and I wish to introduce you to our neighbours.' He then led the way to a pear-tree, in which a linnet had built her nest. The old linnets seemed much pleased to see their friends the redbreasts, who, with great pride, introduced their little family to them. 'My own nestlings are just ready to fly,' said the hen linnet, 'and I hope will make acquaintance with them ; for birds so well instructed as, I make no doubt, your offspring are, must be very desirable companions.' The little redbreasts were delighted with the hopes of having some agreeable friends ; and the old ones replied, that they had themselves received so much pleasure from social friendship, that they wished their young ones to cultivate it.

They then flew on to a cherry-tree, in which were a pair of chaffinches in great agitation, endeavouring to part one of their own brood and a young sparrow, which were engaged in a furious battle ; but in vain ; neither of the combatants would desist, till the chaffinch dropped dead to the ground. His parents were greatly shocked at this accident, on which the cock-redbreast attempted to comfort them with his strains ; but, finding them deaf to his music,



1. The first part of the report

2. The second part of the report

3. The third part of the report

4. The fourth part of the report

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6. The sixth part of the report

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10. The tenth part of the report

11. The eleventh part of the report

12. The twelfth part of the report

13. The thirteenth part of the report

14. The fourteenth part of the report

15. The fifteenth part of the report

16. The sixteenth part of the report

17. The seventeenth part of the report

18. The eighteenth part of the report

19. The nineteenth part of the report

20. The twentieth part of the report

21. The twenty-first part of the report

22. The twenty-second part of the report

23. The twenty-third part of the report

24. The twenty-fourth part of the report

25. The twenty-fifth part of the report

26. The twenty-sixth part of the report

27. The twenty-seventh part of the report

28. The twenty-eighth part of the report

29. The twenty-ninth part of the report

30. The thirtieth part of the report



FIGHT BETWEEN A CHAFFINCH AND A SPARROW—PAGE 88.





FIGHT BETWEEN A CHAFFINCH AND A SPARROW—PAGE 88.

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THE MAGPIES AND THEIR NEST—PAGE 89.





he begged to know the cause of the quarrel, which had so fatal a conclusion.

‘Oh,’ answered the hen-chaffinch, ‘my nestling is lost through his own folly. I cautioned him repeatedly not to make acquaintance with sparrows, knowing they would lead him into mischief ; but no remonstrances would prevail. As soon as he began to peck about, he formed a friendship with one of that voracious breed, who undertook to teach him to fly and provide for himself ; so he left his parents, and continually followed the sparrow, who taught him to quarrel with every bird he met. I expected to see him killed continually. At length his companion grew tired of him, and picked a quarrel, which ended as you have seen. However, this is better than if he had been caught by men and hung up, as I have seen many a bird, for a spectacle, to deter others from stealing.

‘Let me advise you, my young friends,’ said she, addressing herself to the little redbreasts, to follow your parents’ direction in every respect, and avoid bad company.’ She then, accompanied by her mate, flew back to her nest, in order to acquaint the rest of the family with this dreadful disaster, and the redbreasts took another flight.

They alighted on the ground, and began pecking about, when all of a sudden they heard a strange noise, which rather alarmed the young ones. Their father desired them to have no fears, but to follow him. He led them to the top of a high tree, in which was a nest of magpies, who had the day before made an excursion round the orchard, and were conversing on what they had seen, but in such a confused manner, that there was no such thing as understanding them ; one chattered of one thing, and one of

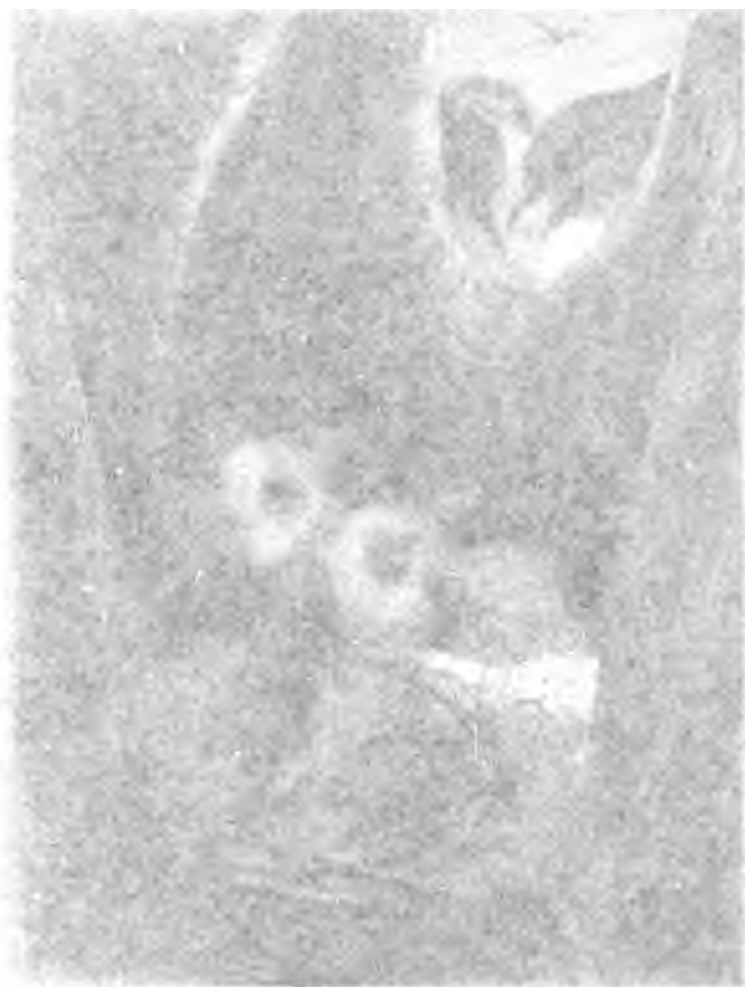
another. In short, all were eager to speak, and none inclined to hear.

‘What a set of foolish ill-bred little creatures are these,’ said the cock-redbreast; ‘if they would talk one at a time, what each says might afford entertainment to the rest; but, by chattering all together in this manner, they are quite disagreeable. Take warning from them, my nestlings, and avoid the fault which renders them so ridiculous.’

So saying, he flew on, and they soon saw a cuckoo, surrounded by a number of birds, who had been pecking at her till she had scarce a feather left upon her breast; while she kept repeating her own dull note, ‘Cuckoo! cuckoo!’ incessantly. ‘Get back again to your own country,’ said a thrush; ‘what business have you in ours, dropping your eggs in the nests of other birds? Surely it would be sufficient could you have the privilege of building for yourself, as we do who are natives; but you have no right to seize upon our labours, and destroy our offspring.’ ‘The cuckoo deserves his fate,’ said the hen-redbreast; ‘though I am far from bearing enmity to foreign birds in general, I detest such characters as his, who seize upon other people’s possessions. I wonder mankind are so fond of cuckoos; but I suppose it is on account of their being the harbingers of summer.

‘How different is the character of the swallow; he comes here to enjoy the mildness of the climate, and confers a benefit on the land, by destroying many noxious insects. I rejoice to see that race sporting in the air, and have had high pleasure in conversing with them; for, as they are great travellers, they have much to relate. But come, let us go on.’

They soon came to a hollow tree. ‘Peep into this hole,’ said







THE NEST OF YOUNG OWLS—PAGE 91.



the cock-bird to his young ones. They did so, and beheld a nest of young owls. 'What a set of ugly creatures,' said Dicky; 'surely you do not intend to show your frightful faces in the world! Did ever any one see such dull eyes, and such a frightful muffle of feathers!'

'Whoever you are that reproach us with the want of beauty, you do not show your own good sense,' replied one of the little owls; 'perhaps we may have qualities which render us as amiable as yourselves. You do not appear to know that we are night, and not day birds; the quantity of feathers in which we are muffled up is very comfortable to us when we are out in the cold; and I can show you a pair of eyes, which, if you are little birds, will frighten you out of your wits; and if I could fly, I would let you see what else I could do.' He then drew back the film which was given him that the strong light might not injure his sight, and stared full at Dicky, who was struck with astonishment.

At that instant the parent owl returned; and seeing a parcel of strangers looking into her nest, she set up a screeching, which made the whole party take wing. As soon as they stopped to rest, the cock-redbreast, who was really frightened, as well as his mate and family, recollected himself, and said: 'Well, Dicky, how did you like the owl's eyes? I fancy they proved brighter than you expected; but, had they even been as ugly as you supposed, it was very rude and silly in you to notice it. You ought never to censure any bird for natural deformities; since no one contracts them by choice; and what appears disagreeable to you, may be pleasing in the eyes of another. Besides, you should be particularly careful not to insult strangers; because you cannot know their merit, nor what power they may have of revenging




themselves. You may think yourself happy if you never meet one of these owls by night ; for, I assure you, they often feed upon little birds like us ; and you have no reason to think they will spare you, after the affront you have given them. But come, let us fly on.' However, before we give any further account of their adventures, let us return to their benefactors.



## CHAPTER XVIII.

*The Bensons prepare to visit Farmer Wilson—Further adventures of the Robins—  
Mrs. Wilson shows the Bensons over the Farm.*

UST as Mrs. Benson and her children were preparing to leave the room, after having witnessed the happy meeting of the redbreast family at their table, the servant entered and informed them that a poor woman was at the gate, who had been ordered to attend in the morning. Mrs. Benson desired she might come up. 'Well, good woman,' said the benevolent lady, 'how does your husband do?' 'Thanks to your goodness, madam, and the blessing of God, quite cheery,' said the woman.

'I am happy,' said the lady, 'to find you in better spirits than you were the other night, and do not doubt you will do very well. I will order some meat and bread to be sent you every day this week, and will also assist you in clothing the children.' Harriet's eyes glistened with benevolence at seeing the woman, whose distress had so greatly affected her, thus comforted; and slipping her purse, which contained seven shillings, into her mother's hand, she begged her to take it for the woman. 'You shall, my dear,' said Mrs. Benson, 'have the pleasure of relieving her yourself; give this half-crown to her.' Harriet, with a delight which none but the compassionate can know, extended the hand of charity. The

woman received her gift with grateful thanks ; and praying that the Almighty might shower down his choicest blessings on this worthy family, respectfully took leave, and returned to her husband ; who, by means of the nourishment Mrs. Benson had supplied her with, gathered strength hourly.

As soon as she was gone, Mrs. Benson informed her son and daughter that she intended to take them with her to Farmer Wilson's, where she made no doubt they would pass a happy day ; and desired them to get ready for the journey, while she dressed herself. The young folks obeyed without hesitation ; and, having given their maid very strict injunctions to feed Robin and the linnet, they attended their mamma to the carriage. Leaving this happy party to enjoy their pleasant drive, let us go back to the robins, whom we left on the wing in search of further adventures.

They soon alighted on a tree, in which was a Mockbird,<sup>1</sup> who, instead of singing any note of his own, kept successively imitating those of every bird that inhabited the orchard ; and this with a view of making them ridiculous. If any one had any natural imperfection in his singing, he was sure to mimic it ; or if any was particularly attentive to the duties of his station, he ridiculed him as grave and formal. The young redbreasts were excessively diverted with this droll creature ; but their father desired them to consider whether they should like to hear him mimic them. Every one agreed that they should be very angry to be ridiculed in that manner. 'Then,' replied the father, 'neither encourage nor imitate them.' The Mockbird, hearing him, took up his notes. 'Neither encourage nor imitate him,' said he. The cock-redbreast

<sup>1</sup> The mockbird is properly a native of America, but is introduced here for the sake of the moral.

on this flew at him with fury, plucked some feathers from his breast, and sent him screaming from the place. 'I have made you sing a natural note at last,' said he, 'and hope you will take care how you practise mimicry again.' His mate was sorry to see him disturb his temper, and ruffle his feathers, for such an insignificant creature; but he told her it was particularly necessary as an example to his nestlings, as mimicry was a fault to which young birds were too apt to incline; and he wished to show them the danger they exposed themselves to in the practice of it.

The whole redbreast family rested themselves for some time; and whilst they sat still, they observed a chaffinch flying from tree to tree, chattering to every bird he had any knowledge of; and his discourse seemed to affect his hearers greatly, for they perceived some birds flying off in great haste, and others meeting them; many battles and disputes ensued. The little redbreasts wondered at these circumstances; at length Pecksy inquired the meaning of the bustle. 'This chaffinch,' replied the father, 'is a tell-tale; it is inconceivable the mischief he makes. Not that he has much malice in his nature; but he loves to hear himself chatter: and therefore every anecdote he can collect, he tells to all he meets; by which means he often raises quarrels and animosities; neither does he stop here, for he frequently invents the tales he relates.'

As the redbreast was speaking the chaffinch alighted on the same tree. 'Oh, my old friend,' said he, 'are you abroad in the world again? I heard the linnet in the pear-tree say you were caught stealing corn, and hung up as a spectacle, but I thought this could not be true; besides, the blackbird in the cherry-tree told me that the reason we did not see you as usual was, that you

were rearing a family, to whom, he said, you were so severe, that the poor little creatures had no comfort of their lives.'

'Whatever you may have heard, or whatever you may say, is a matter of indifference to me,' replied the redbreast; 'but, as a neighbour, I cannot help advising you to restrain your tongue a little, and consider, before you communicate your intelligence, whether what you are going to say has not a tendency to disturb the peace of society.'

Whilst he was thus advising him, a flock of birds assembled about the tree; it consisted of those to whom the chaffinch had been chattering, who, having come to an explanation with each other, had detected his falsities, and determined to expel him from the orchard, which they did with every mark of contempt and ignominy. All the redbreasts joined in the pursuit, for even the little ones saw his character in a detestable light, and formed a determination to avoid his fault. When the liar was gone, the party which pursued him alighted together in the same walk, and amongst them the redbreasts discovered many of their old friends, with whom they now renewed their acquaintance, knowing they should soon be released from family cares; and the young ones passed a happy day in this cheerful assembly; but at length the hour of repose approached, when each individual flew to his resting-place, and the redbreasts, after so fatiguing a day, fell asleep.

While the redbreasts were exploring the orchard, Mrs. Benson and her family, as we showed before, set off on their visit to the farm, where they met with a most welcome reception.

Farmer Wilson was a very worthy, benevolent man. He had, by his industry, acquired sufficient to purchase the farm he lived



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THE POULTRY YARD—PAGE 97.





on, and had a fair prospect of providing for a numerous family, whom he brought up with the greatest care, as farmers' sons and daughters ought to be, and taught them all, to be merciful to the cattle which were employed in his business.

His wife, a most amiable woman, had received a good education from her father, who was formerly a parish schoolmaster. This good man had strongly implanted in his daughter's mind the Christian doctrine of universal charity, which she exercised, not only towards the human species, but also towards every living creature which it was her province to manage.

Mrs. Benson knew that her children would here have an opportunity of seeing many different animals properly treated ; and it was on this account that she took them with her, though she herself visited these good people from a motive of sincere respect.

As soon as they were seated, Mrs. Wilson regaled her young guests with a piece of nice cake, made by her daughter Betsy, a little girl of twelve years old, who sat by, enjoying with secret delight the honour which the little lady and gentleman did to her performance. It happened fortunately to be a cool day, and Mrs. Benson expressed a desire to walk about and see the farm.

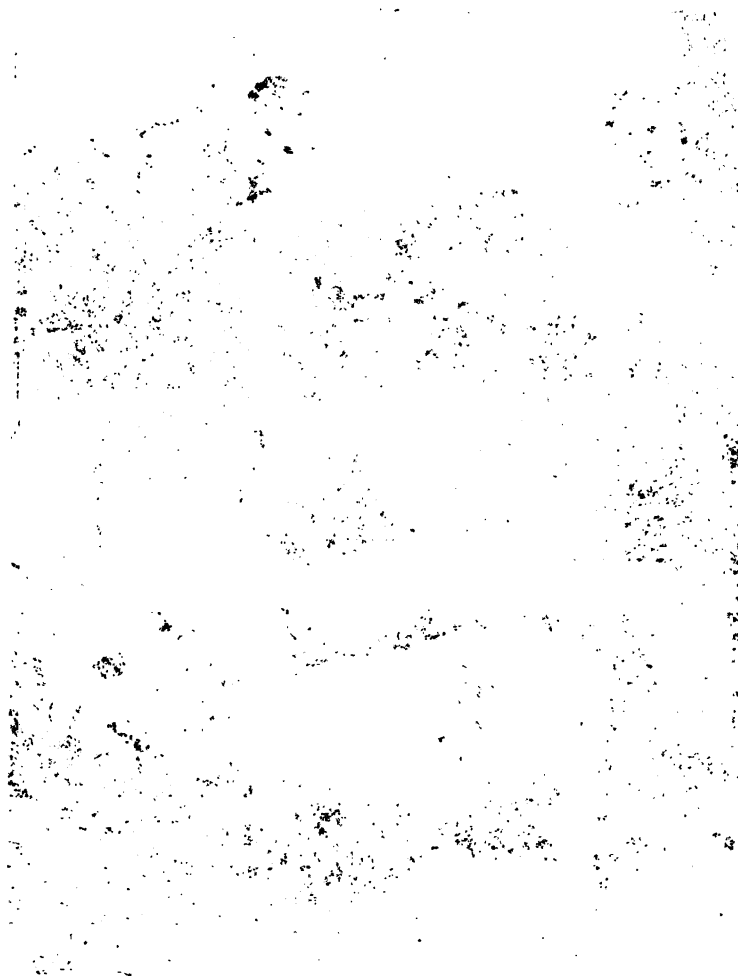
In the first place Mrs. Wilson showed her the house, which was perfectly neat, and in complete order. She then took her guests into her dairy, which was well stored with milk and cream, butter and cheese. From thence they went to visit the poultry-yard, where the little Bensons were excessively delighted indeed ; for there were a number of cocks and hens, and many broods of young chickens, besides turkeys and Guinea-fowls.

All the fowls expressed the greatest joy at the sight of Mrs. Wilson and her daughter Betsy ; the cocks celebrated their arrival

by loud and cheerful crowings ; the hens gave notice of their approach by cackling, and assembled their infant train to partake of their bounty ; the turkeys and Guinea-fowls ran to meet them ; a number of pigeons also alighted from a pigeon-house. Betsy scattered amongst them the grain which she carried in her lap for that purpose, and seemed to have great pleasure in distributing it.

When their young visitors were satisfied with seeing the poultry fed, Mrs. Wilson showed them the hen-house, and other conveniences provided for them, to make their lives comfortable : she then opened a little door, which led to a meadow, where the fowls were often indulged to ramble and refresh themselves. On seeing her approach this place, they all collected round her, and ran into the meadow, like a troop of schoolboys into their playground.

‘You, Mrs. Wilson, and your daughter, must have great amusement with these pretty creatures,’ said Mrs. Benson. ‘We have indeed, madam,’ said she ; ‘and they furnish us with eggs and chickens, not only for our own use, but for the market also.’ ‘And can you prevail on yourself to kill these sweet creatures?’ said Miss Benson. ‘Indeed, Miss, I cannot,’ said Mrs. Wilson, ‘and never did kill a chicken in my life ; but it is an easy matter to find people capable of doing it, and there is an absolute necessity that some of them should be killed, for they breed so fast, that in a short time we should have more than we could possibly feed. But I make it a rule to render their lives as happy as possible : I never shut them up to fatten any longer than I can help, use no cruel methods of cramming them, nor do I confine them in a situation where they can see other fowls at liberty ; neither do I take the chickens from the hen till she herself deserts them ; nor set hens upon ducks’ eggs.’



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FEEDING THE PIGS—PAGE 99.



‘I often regret,’ said Mrs. Benson, ‘that so many lives should be sacrificed to preserve ours ; but we must eat animals, or they would at length eat us, at least all that would otherwise support us. Besides, you remember that the Almighty granted permission to Noah and his posterity to kill whatever animals they might want for food. When God blessed Noah, after the flood had drowned the inhabitants of the earth, on account of their wickedness, He graciously permitted Noah, whose righteousness had recommended him to the favour of God, to take “every moving thing that liveth,” and to use it for meat.’

Whilst this conversation passed, Frederick had followed the fowls into the meadow, where the turkey-cock, taking him for an enemy, attacked him, and frightened him so much, that he at first cried out for help ; but soon recollecting that this was cowardly, he pulled off his hat, and drove the creature away before Betsy Wilson had arrived, who was running to his assistance.

The farmer’s wife next proposed to show them her pig-sty. The name of a pig-sty generally conveys an idea of nastiness ; but whoever had seen those of Farmer Wilson, would have had a very different one. They were neatly paved, and washed down every day ; the troughs in which the pigs fed were kept clean, and the food they had was always sweet and wholesome. The pigs themselves had an appearance of neatness, which no one could have expected in such kind of animals ; and though they had not the ingenuity of the Learned Pig, there was really something intelligent in their gruntings, and a very droll expression in the eyes of some of them. They knew their benefactors, and found means of testifying their joy at seeing them, which was increased when a boy, whom Mrs. Wilson had ordered to bring some bean-shells, emptied his basket



before them. A scramble now took place, and each pig began pushing the others aside, and stuffing as fast as he could, lest they should have any more than himself.

Harriet Benson said she could not bear to see such greediness. 'It is indeed,' replied Mrs. Benson, 'very disagreeable, even in such creatures as these ; but how much more so in the human species ! and yet how frequent is this fault amongst children in particular ! Pray look at these pigs, Frederick, and tell me if you ever remember to have met with a little boy who ate strawberries as these pigs do bean-shells ?' At this question Frederick's cheeks were covered with blushes ; on which his mother kindly kissed him, and said she hoped he had seen enough of greediness to-day to serve him for a lesson as long as he lived.

In a separate sty was a sow with a litter of young pigs. This was a very pleasing sight indeed to Frederick, who longed to have one of them to play with ; but Mrs. Wilson told him it would make the sow very angry, and her gruntings would terrify him more than the turkey-cock had done, on which he dropped his request, but said he should like to keep such a little creature.

'If it would always continue little, Frederick,' said Mrs. Benson, 'it would do very well ; but it will perhaps grow as large as its mother, and what shall we do then ?'

'I fear, ladies,' said Mrs. Wilson, 'you will be tired with staying here ; will it be agreeable to you to take a walk in the garden ?'

'With all my heart,' said Mrs. Benson.


Mrs. Wilson then conducted her guests into a garden, which abounded with all kinds of vegetables for the table, quantities of fruit, and a variety of flowers. Frederick longed to taste some of the delicacies which presented themselves to his eye ; but he had

been taught never to gather fruit or flowers without leave, nor ask for any; however, Mrs. Wilson, with his mother's permission, treated him and his sister with some fine cherries, which Betsy gathered and presented in cabbage-leaves, and then took them to a shady arbour, where they sat and enjoyed their feast. After which they went to see the bees, which were at work in glass hives.



## CHAPTER XIX.

*Mrs. Wilson and her Bees—A talk about Insects.*

HE sight of the bees was a great entertainment, not only to the children, but to Mrs. Benson also, who was excessively pleased with the ingenuity and industry with which these insects collect their honey and wax, form their cells, and deposit their store. She had, by books, acquired a knowledge of the natural history of bees, which enabled her to examine their work with much greater satisfaction than she would have received from the sight of them, had she been only taught to consider them as little stinging creatures, which it was dangerous to approach. 'This is quite a treat to me, indeed,' said she to Mrs. Wilson; 'for I never before had an opportunity of seeing bees work in glass hives.'

'Madam,' said Mrs. Wilson, 'I find my account in keeping bees thus, even upon a principle of economy; for as I do not destroy them, I have greater numbers to work for me, and more honey every year than the last, notwithstanding I feed my bees in the winter. I have made acquaintance with the queen of every hive, who will come to me whenever I call her, and you shall see one of them, if you please.'

On this she called, in a manner which the inhabitants of the hive they were looking at were accustomed to, and a large bee

soon settled on her hand ; in an instant after, she was covered from head to foot with bees.

Harriet Benson was fearful lest they should sting, and Frederick was running away ; but Mrs. Wilson assured them the little creatures would not do any mischief, if no one attempted to catch them. 'Bees are, in their natural dispositions, very harmless creatures, I assure you, Master Benson,' said she ; 'though I own they will certainly sting little cruel boys who endeavour to catch them, in order to take out their sting ; but you see that though I have hundreds about me, and even on my face and arms, not one offers to do me an injury ; and I believe wasps seldom sting but in their own defence.' She then threw up her hand, on which the queen bee flew away in great state, surrounded by her guards, and followed by the rest of her subjects, each ready to lose his own life in the defence of hers.

'There is something very wonderful,' said Mrs. Benson, 'in the strong attachment these little creatures have to their sovereign, and very instructive too. But before we take our leave of the bees, let me observe to you, my dears, that several other instructive lessons may be taken from their example.

'If such little insects as these perform their daily tasks with so much alacrity, surely it must be a shame for children to be idle, and to fret because they are put to learn things which will be of the utmost consequence to them in the end, and which would indeed conduce to their present happiness, would they but apply to them with a willing mind. Remember the pretty hymn you have learned—

"How doth the little busy bee  
Improve each shining hour!" etc.

‘But come, Mrs. Wilson,’ said the lady, ‘we must, if you please, take leave of the bees, or we shall not have time to enjoy the other pleasures you have in reserve for us.’

As they walked along, Frederick so far forgot himself as to catch a moth, but his mother obliged him to let it go immediately. ‘Don’t you think, Mrs. Wilson,’ said she, ‘it is wrong to let children catch butterflies and moths?’ ‘Indeed I do, madam,’ replied the good woman; ‘poor little creatures! what injury can they do us by flying about? In that state, at least, they are harmless to us. Caterpillars and snails, it is true, we are obliged frequently to destroy on account of their devouring fruit and vegetables; but unless they abound so as to be likely to do a real injury, I never suffer them to be meddled with. I often think of my good father’s maxims, which were, “never to take away the life of any creature, unless it is necessary for the benefit of mankind. While there is food and room enough in the world for them and us, let them live and enjoy the blessings they were formed for,” he would say.’

‘When I was a little girl,’ said Mrs. Benson, ‘I had a great propensity to catch flies and other insects; but my father had an excellent microscope, through which, when you look at objects, it has the effect of making them appear larger than they really are; in this he showed me a number of different insects, and I thus learned that even the minutest creatures might be as susceptible of pain as myself; and I declare I cannot put anything to death without fancying I hear its bones crack, and that I see its blood gushing from its veins and arteries; and so far from having a pleasure in killing even the disagreeable insects which are troublesome in houses, I assure you I cannot do it myself, nor see

it done without pain ; and yet they certainly may be considered as enemies, and as such we have a right to destroy them.'

'To be sure, madam,' said Mrs. Wilson ; 'for without cleanliness we could not enjoy health. It goes against me to demolish a fine spider's web, and yet they make a house look very dirty ; but I seldom have any in mine ; for I took care, when I first came to live in it, to destroy the nests ; and the old spiders, finding there was no security for their young ones here, have forsaken the house ; and I am inclined to think the same vigilance in respect to other disagreeable insects would have the same effect.'

'Doubtless,' said Mrs. Benson ; 'but, pray tell me, do you destroy the webs of garden spiders also ?' 'Not unless they are so many as to be troublesome and disagreeable,' replied Mrs. Wilson. 'I should not myself like to have the fruits of my industry demolished, nor my little ones taken out of my arms, or from their warm beds, and crushed to death.' 'I am of opinion,' said Mrs. Benson, 'that it would be a good way to accustom one's-self, before one kills anything, to change situations with it in imagination, and to suppose how we should feel were we bees, or ants, or butterflies, or birds, kittens, and so on.'

'Indeed, madam,' said Mrs. Wilson, 'I have often wished that poor dumb creatures had somebody to speak for them ; many an innocent life would then be saved which is now destroyed to no purpose.'

'Well,' said Harriet, 'I am sure I shall never kill anything without first magnifying it in my mind, and thinking what it would say for itself if able to speak.' 'Then, my dear, I will engage for you,' replied her mother, 'that you will put but very few creatures to death ; but, in order to have a proper notion of





THE DUCK POND—PAGE 107.



their form, you must study natural history, from whence you will learn how wonderful their construction is, how carefully and tenderly the inferior creatures provide for their young, how ingenious their various employments are, how far they are from harbouring malice against the human species, and how excellently they are formed by their great Creator for the enjoyment of happiness in their different states, which happiness we have certainly no right wantonly to disturb.

‘Besides, it is really a meanness to destroy any creature because it is little, and in children particularly absurd to do so ; for, upon this principle, they must themselves expect to be constantly ill-treated, though no animal stands more in need of tenderness than they do for many years from the time of their coming into the world ; and even men and women might expect to be annihilated by the power of the great Creator, if everything that is little were to be destroyed.

‘Neither do I know how we can precisely call anything great or little, since it is only so by comparing it with others. An ant or a fly may appear to one of its own species, whose eyes are formed to see those parts which we cannot discover without glasses, as considerable as men and women do to each other ; and to creatures of the dimensions of a mite, one of the size of an ant doubtless looks formidable and gigantic. I therefore think it but justice to view insects with microscopic eyes, before we do anything to them that is likely to give them pain, or to destroy their works unnecessarily.’

During this conversation, Frederick kept running about making choice of flowers, which Betsy Wilson gathered and formed into nosegays for his mother, his sister, and himself.

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1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes the need for transparency and accountability in financial reporting.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and techniques used to collect and analyze data. It includes a detailed description of the sampling process and the statistical tools employed.

3. The third part of the document presents the results of the study, including a comparison of the findings with previous research. It also discusses the implications of the results for future research and practice.

4. The fourth part of the document provides a conclusion and a summary of the key findings. It also includes a list of references and a bibliography.

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## CHAPTER XX.

### *The Barn-yard—Dinner at the Farm.*

HE next place Mrs. Wilson took her guests to was a barn-yard, in which was a large horse-pond. Here her young visitors were delighted with the appearance of a number of geese and ducks ; some were swimming in the water, some diving, others rooting in the mud to see what fish or worms they could find.

‘It appears very strange to me,’ said Harriet, ‘that any creatures can take delight in making themselves so dirty.’ ‘And yet,’ replied Mrs. Benson, ‘how many children do the same, without having any excuse for it. The ducks and geese grub about so in search of the necessities of life ; but I have seen boys do it merely for diversion, and sometimes at the hazard of their lives.’

‘Have you any fish here ?’ said Frederick to Mrs. Wilson. ‘I believe none of any consequence, sir ; the ducks and the geese would take care that none should grow to any considerable size ; but there are plenty in a pond which you will see in the next field ; and I hope to have the pleasure of seeing you, at dinner, eat of some perch which were caught there. Sometimes we catch fine carp and tench, but only with nets, for neither my good man nor I can bear the cruel diversion of angling ; nor do we

allow our children to follow it, from a notion that it hardens the heart.'

'Pray tell me, mother, is it cruel to kill frogs and toads?'

'Ask Mrs. Wilson, my dear, she has more to do with such reptiles than I have,' said Mrs. Benson. 'Why, miss,' replied Mrs. Wilson, 'though I by no means like to see such creatures as frogs and toads in my house, I do not make an outcry, and condemn every one to a violent death which is accidentally found in my cellars or other places; on the contrary, I generally have them thrown into a ditch at some distance, to take their chance. There are many birds and water-fowl that feed on young frogs and toads, which will in general keep them from multiplying so as to be a nuisance to us; and it is time enough for us to take arms against them if there happen to be a very extraordinary increase of them. My good man is as particular in respect to moles; if he finds them in his garden, or any other part of his grounds where they can do mischief, he has them killed, but never suffers them to be molested when they are harmless. Neither does he hunt after snakes, or permit any one belonging to him to do so; for he says that, if they are not disturbed, they will not come from their haunts to annoy us, and to kill for the sake of killing is cruel.'

'Pray, Mrs. Wilson,' said Frederick, 'do your sons ever go bird's-nesting?'

'No, sir,' said she, 'I hope I have not a child in my family capable of such barbarity. In the course of the summer they generally have young birds to nurse, which fall out of their nests or lose their parents, but are seldom successful in rearing them; and we have only one in a cage which they reared last summer. Yet we have plenty of singing; for the sweet creatures, finding they may enjoy themselves unmolested in the

trees, treat us with their music from morning to night, of which you had a specimen in the garden. My husband never kills the crows, because they are very serviceable in picking up grubs and other things injurious to farmers ; we only set a little boy to watch our new-sown grain, and he keeps making a noise, which effectually frightens them.' 'Oh,' said Frederick, 'I nurse young birds too. I have got a linnet and a robin-redbreast, and I feed a hundred beside.'

Mrs. Wilson smiled, and addressing herself to Mrs. Benson, said, 'Now, madam, we will, if you please, return to the house ; for I fancy by this time dinner is nearly ready, and my husband and sons are about coming home.'

Mrs. Benson was a little tired with her ramble, and was really impatient to see Farmer Wilson and the rest of his amiable family. When she drew near the house, she was met by the worthy man, who gave her a most cordial welcome, and said he was proud to see so much good company. Nancy, the eldest daughter, to whom the mother had intrusted the care of inspecting the additional cookery which she had ordered, and who, for that reason, was not to be seen in the morning, now made her appearance, dressed with perfect neatness ; health bloomed in her cheeks, and cheerfulness and good-humour sparkled in her eyes. With this engaging countenance, she easily prevailed on Master Frederick to let her place him by her at the table, round which the two other visitors, the master and mistress of the house, and the rest of their offspring, consisting of Thomas, a fine youth of eighteen, four young boys, and little Betsy, were soon seated.

The table was covered with plain food, but by the good management of Nancy, who had made an excellent pudding, it

made a very good figure, and Mrs. Benson afterwards declared, that she had never enjoyed an entertainment so much. And the pleasure was considerably heightened by the happy countenances of the whole family.

The farmer, who was a very jocose man, said a number of droll things, which amused his little visitors very much ; and soon after dinner he begged leave to depart, as he was sheep-shearing ; but said he thought the young gentlefolks might be diverted with the sight, so invited them to pay him a visit in the field, and left Joe and Neddy to conduct Master Frederick to it.



## CHAPTER XXI.

*Sheep-shearing—Milking the Cows.*



THE young farmers were rather shy at first, being afraid that their guests would laugh at their country talk ; but when they observed how kindly they behaved to their sisters, they entered into conversation, and told Master Benson a hundred particulars about animals with which he was before unacquainted ; and he, in return, related all he knew about his redbreasts and other pensioners.

Mrs. Benson now expressed her desire to see the sheep-shearing ; on which Mrs. Wilson and her daughter conducted her and Harriet to the field, where they arrived at the conclusion of the operation ; and a very pleasing sight it was to behold the happy creatures, who lately waddled under a heavy heating load, relieved from their burden, leaping and frisking with delight, whilst the accumulated wool seemed, as it lay, to promise comfortable clothing for man, who, destitute of such a supply, would be in danger of perishing with cold in the ensuing winter.

Harriet observed the innocent countenances of the sheep and lambs, and said she thought it was a thousand pities to kill them.

‘It is so, my dear,’ said her mother ; ‘but we must not indulge our feelings too far in respect to animals which are given us for

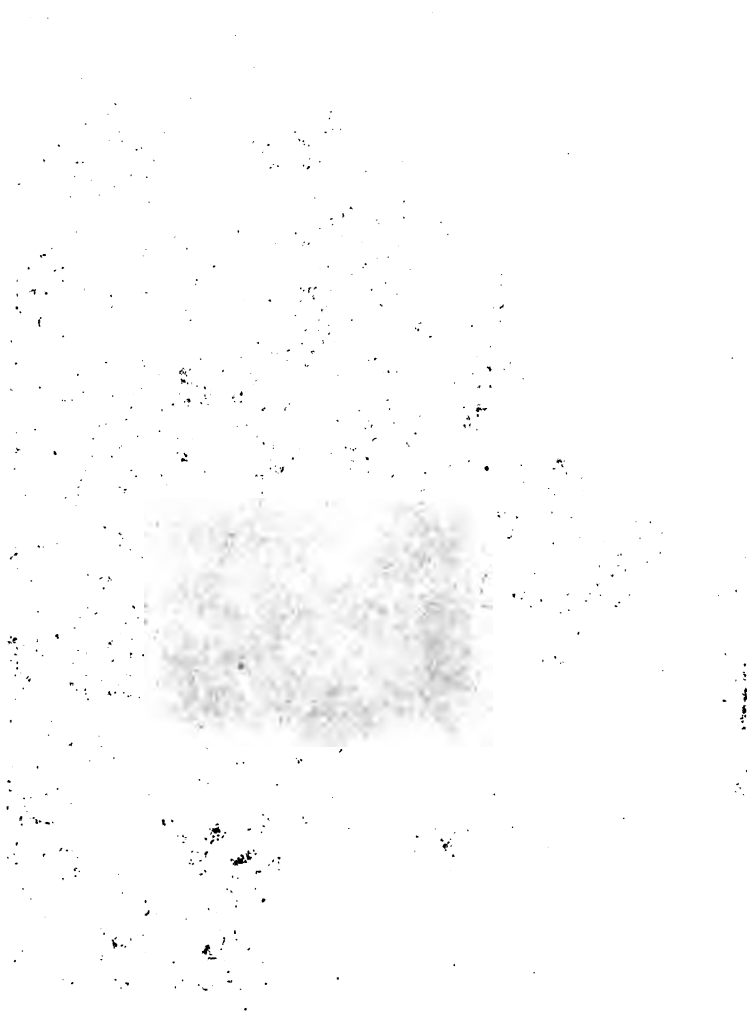


food : all we have to do is to avoid barbarity. It is happy for them that, having no apprehension of being killed, they enjoy life in peace and security to the very last ; and even when the knife is lifted to their throats, they are ignorant of its destination ; and a few struggles put an end to their pain for ever. But come, Mrs. Wilson, will you favour us with a sight of your cows ?' 'With pleasure, madam,' said she ; 'they are by this time driven up to be milked.' Mrs. Wilson then conducted her visitors towards the farm-yard.

'Perhaps, madam,' said she as they walked along, 'the young lady and gentleman may be afraid of horned cattle ?' 'I believe,' replied Mrs. Benson, 'I may venture to say that Harriet has no unreasonable fears of any living creature ; it has been my endeavour to guard the minds of my children against so distressing a weakness ; but whether Frederick's heart has acquired courage enough to enable him to venture near so many cows, I cannot tell.' 'O yes, mother,' cried Frederick, 'I would sooner get up and ride into the yard on the horns of them than run away.' 'Well, we shall soon put your courage to the proof,' said Mrs. Benson ; 'so come along, sir.'

'As for my children,' said Mrs. Wilson, 'they are remarkably courageous in respect of animals : all the creatures belonging to us are very harmless and gentle, which is the natural consequence of kind treatment, and no person need be afraid of walking in any part of our grounds ; but it is difficult to persuade some people that there is no danger, for they are apt to imagine that every loose horse they see will gallop over them, and that every creature with horns will gore and toss them.'

'Very true,' replied Mrs. Benson ; 'and I have known many as







MILKING THE COWS—PAGE 112.



much afraid of a toad, a frog, or a spider, as if certain death would be the consequence of meeting them ; when, if these persons would but make use of their reason, they would soon be convinced that such fears are ill-grounded. Frogs, and even toads, are very harmless creatures ; and so far from offering an injury to any human being they may chance to meet, they hop away with all possible expedition, from a dread of being themselves destroyed ; indeed, I knew a benevolent gentleman who taught his daughters to lift up and handle any toads they met in their path, in order to convince his neighbours that their belief of the animal's being poisonous was unfounded. Spiders drop suddenly down, with a view to their own preservation only ; and therefore it is highly ridiculous to be afraid of them.

‘Horses and oxen are much more formidable creatures ; they certainly could do us a great deal of mischief, if they were conscious of their superior strength ; but God has wisely ordained that they should not be so ; and having given mankind dominion over them, He has implanted in their nature an awe and dread of the human species, which occasion them to yield submission to man, when he exerts his authority in a proper manner.

‘It is really a very wonderful thing, Mrs. Wilson, to see a fine lively horse submitting to the bit and harness, or a drove of oxen quietly marching under the direction of one man. But it is observable, that these creatures which are the most useful to us are the easiest tamed, and yield, not only singly, but in flocks, to mankind, nay, even to boys. This shows at once the goodness and power of the Creator.

‘From what I have said, my dear,’ added Mrs. Benson, ‘you


must perceive that it is a great weakness for a human being to be afraid of animals.'

By this time the party were advanced pretty near to the farm-yard, and Frederick espied one of the cows peeping over the gate ; on which, with a countenance expressive of fear, he ran hastily to his mother, and asked her whether cows could toss people over gates and hedges ? 'What a silly question, Frederick,' said she ; 'pray look again, and you will perceive that it is impossible for such large heavy creatures to do so ; and these enclosures are made on purpose to confine them within proper bounds. But did you not boast just now that "you could ride on the horns of one of them?" That I shall not require you to do, for it would very likely make the creature angry, because cows are not accustomed to carry any load upon their heads ; neither would I allow you to run after them with a stick, or to make any attempt to frighten them ; but if you approach as a friend, I make no doubt you will be received as such ; so summon your courage and attend us, the cows will not hurt you, I can assure you.'

Neddy Wilson then began laughing, from the idea that a boy should be afraid of a cow, which made Frederick ashamed of himself ; and quitting his mother's gown, by which he had held fast while she was speaking, he laid fast hold of Neddy's hand, and declared his resolution to go as near the cow as he would. I will not take upon me to say that his little heart was perfectly free from palpitation ; but that lay in his own bosom, where none could discover its feelings but himself ; so let us give him as much credit for courage as we can, and acknowledge him to be a fine little fellow, in thus getting the better of his fears.

## CHAPTER XXII.

*Farmer Wilson explains how he got on in life—The Bensons return home.*

HE whole party now entered the farm-yard, where they saw eight fine cows, fat, sleek, and beautifully clean, who yielded several pails of rich milk, the steam of which, added to the breath of the cows, cast a delightful fragrance around. Mrs. Wilson then entreated her company to return to the house, where she had provided a cup of tea for them, and some cake and wine ; though it must be said for this sensible woman, that the latter was a luxury in which she seldom indulged, unless when some of her neighbours had the kindness to come and visit her neat and well-appointed farm-house.

The farmer now came back and regaled himself with a tankard of ale, which was very refreshing after the fatigues of the day.

‘I have had,’ said Mrs. Benson, ‘great pleasure in viewing your farm, Mr. Wilson, which appears to me to afford all the desirable comforts and conveniences of life, and I most sincerely wish you a continuance of your prosperity. If it is not an impertinent question, pray tell me, did you inherit the farm from your father, or was it purchased with the fruits of your own industry?’

‘Neither my wife nor I have led an idle life, I assure you, madam,’ replied the farmer ; ‘but next to the blessing of Heaven



I think myself in a great degree indebted to my cattle for my good success. My father left me master of a little farm, with a few acres of land well cropped, a horse, a cow, a few sheep, a sow and pigs, a jackass, and a few poultry; these have gradually multiplied to what you now see me possess, besides numbers that I have sold; and I have had fine crops of hay and corn; so that every year I laid by a little money, till I was able to purchase this farm, which has proved a very good one to me.'

'There is something so uncommon in hearing a farmer attribute a part of his success in life to his cattle, that I should be obliged to you, Mr. Wilson,' said the lady, 'if you would account to me for this circumstance.'

'Most readily, madam,' said he. 'When I was a very young man, I heard a fine sermon from the pulpit, on the subject of showing mercy to brutes, which made a great impression on my mind; and I have ever since acted towards all dumb creatures as I would to mankind, upon the principle of doing as I would be done by.'

'I always consider every beast that works for me as my servant, and entitled to wages; but as beasts cannot use money, I pay them in things of more value to them; and make it a rule, unless in cases of great necessity, to let them enjoy rest on the Sabbath-day.'

'I am very cautious of not letting my beasts work beyond their strength, and always give them their food in due season; nor do I ever suffer them to be cruelly used. Besides giving them what I call their daily wages, I indulge them with all the comforts I can afford them.'

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## HISTORY OF

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THE OLD HORSE—PAGE 116.



enjoy themselves in a good pasture, and in winter they are sheltered from the inclemencies of the weather in a warm stable. If they get old, I contrive some easy task for them ; and when they can work no longer, I let them live on the common without it, till age and infirmities make their lives burdensome to themselves, when I have them put to as easy a death as possible.

‘ Though my cows and sheep do not work for me, I think them entitled to a recompense for the profit I receive from their milk and wool, and endeavour to repay them with the kindest usage ; and even my jackass finds mercy from me, for I could not bear to see so useful a creature ill-treated ; and as for my dogs, I set great store by them on account of their fidelity.’

‘ These are very excellent rules indeed, Mr. Wilson, and I wish they were generally followed,’ said Mrs. Benson ; ‘ for I believe many poor beasts suffer greatly from the ill-treatment inflicted on them ; the horses in many of the conveyances in great towns particularly.’

‘ Yes, madam,’ said the farmer, ‘ I have heard so ; and could tell you such stories of cruelties exercised on brutes in the country, as would quite shock you ; and I have seen such instances myself of the ill effects of neglecting them, as have confirmed me in the notions I learnt from the good sermon I told you of.’

‘ I am much obliged to you for your information, Mr. Wilson,’ said Mrs. Benson, ‘ and hope my children will never forget it ; for it certainly is a duty to extend our clemency to beasts and other animals. Nay, we are strictly commanded in the Scriptures to show compassion to the beasts of others, even to those of our enemies ; surely, then, those which are our own property, and work for us, have a peculiar claim to it. There is one custom which

shocks me very much, and that is, pounding of cattle ; I fancy, Mr. Wilson, you do not practise that much.'

'Madam,' replied he, 'I should much rather pound the owners of them, through whose neglect or dishonesty it generally happens that horses trespass on other people's land. If any beast accidentally gets into my grounds, I send it home to its owner, for it certainly is no wilful fault in the creature to seek the best pasture it can find ; but if I have reason to suppose his owner turned him in, I then think myself obliged to do what the law directs in that respect ; but though it is a secret I am obliged to keep from my neighbours, I may safely confess to you, madam, that I have not the heart to let the poor beast starve in a pound. As there are no courts of justice in which beasts can seek redress, I set up one for them in my own breast, where humanity pleads their cause.'

'I wish they had such an advocate in every breast, Mr. Wilson,' said the lady. 'But my watch reminds me we must now take our leave, which I do with many thanks to you and Mrs. Wilson for your kind entertainment and good cheer, and shall be happy to return your civilities at my own house ; and pray bring your whole family with you.'

Mrs. Benson then desired her son and daughter to prepare for their departure. Frederick was grown so intimate with little Neddy that he could scarcely be prevailed on to leave him, till he recollected Robin and the linnet.

As they returned in the carriage, Mrs. Benson remarked that Farmer Wilson's story was enough to make every one who heard it careful of their live stock, for their own sakes ; 'but,' said she, 'the pleasure and advantage will be greatly increased if it is done









ANIMALS IN THE POUND—PAGE 118.




‘from a principle of humanity as well as interest.’ Harriet answered, that she hoped she should never treat animals ill, nor place her affections on them too strongly. ‘That, my dear,’ replied her good mother, ‘is the proper medium to be observed.’

In a short time they arrived home. The maid, to whose care the birds had been intrusted, gave a good account of her charge ; and Harriet and Frederick went to bed in peace, after a day spent with much pleasure and improvement.



## CHAPTER XXIII.

*The old Redbreasts take their Young to see the World—The Bird-Catcher—The Gun.*

HE next morning the redbreasts attended at Mrs. Benson's as usual, and Robin was still better, but his father began to fear he would never perfectly recover from his accident ; however, he kept his apprehensions to himself, and suffered the little ones to entertain their lame brother with a relation of what they had seen the day before in the orchard. Frederick and Harriet were so diverted with the chattering and chirping of the little things, that they did not miss the parent's song.

When the young ones had stayed as long as she thought right, the hen-redbreast summoned them away, and all took leave of Robin, who longed to go with them, but was not able. The father reminded him that he had great reason to rejoice in his present situation, considering all things ; on which he resumed his cheerfulness, and, giving a sprightly twitter, hopped into Frederick's hand, which was spread open to receive him. The rest then flew away, and Harriet and her brother prepared for their morning tasks.

The redbreasts alighted, as usual, to drink in the court-yard, and were preparing to return to the orchard, when Flapsy expressed







THE CONCERT OF BIRDS—PAGE 121.





a desire to look a little about the world ; for she said it would be very mopish to be always confined to the orchard ; and Dicky seconded her request. Pecksy replied, that however her curiosity might be excited, she had known so much happiness in the nest, that she was strongly attached to the paternal spot, and could gladly pass her life there. The parents highly commended her contented disposition ; but her father said, as there was nothing blameable in the inclination Dicky and Flapsy discovered for seeing the world, provided it was kept within due bounds, he would readily gratify it : then asking if they were sufficiently refreshed, he took wing, and led the way to a neighbouring grove, where he placed his little tribe amongst the branches of a venerable oak.

Here their ears were charmed with a most enchanting concert of music. On one tree a blackbird and a thrush poured forth their strong melodious notes ; on another, a number of linnets joined their sweet voices ; exalted in the air, a skylark warbled a delightful song ; whilst a brother of the wood, seated on a cool refreshing turf, made the grove re-echo with his melody ; to these the nightingale joined his enchanting lay. In short, not a note was wanting to complete the harmony.

The little redbreasts were so exceedingly charmed, that for a while they continued listening with silent rapture ; at length Dicky exclaimed, 'How happy should I be to join the cheerful band, and live for ever in this charming place !'

'It is,' replied his mother, 'a very pleasant situation, to be sure ; but could you be sensible of the superior advantages which, as a redbreast, you may enjoy by taking up your abode in the orchard, you would never wish to change it ; for my own part, I find myself

so happy in that calm retreat, that nothing but necessity shall ever drive me from it.'

Pecksy declared, that though she was much delighted with the novelty of the scene, and charmed with the music, she now felt an ardent desire to return home ; but Flapsy wished to see a little more first. 'Well,' said the father, 'your desires shall be gratified ; let us take a circuit in this grove, for I wish you to see everything worth observation in every place you go to, and not to fly about the world, as many giddy birds do, without the least improvement from their travels.' On this he spread his wings as the signal of departure, which his family obeyed.

Observing a parcel of boys creeping silently along, 'Stop,' said he, 'let us perch on this tree, and see what these little monsters are about.' Scarcely were they seated, when one of the boys mounted an adjacent tree, and took a nest of half-fledged linnets, which he brought in triumph to his companions.

At this instant a family of thrushes unfortunately chirped, which directed another boy to the place of their habitation ; on which he climbed, and eagerly seized the unfortunate little creatures. Having met with so much success, the boys left the grove to exult, at their own homes, over their wretched captives, for ever separated from their tender parents, who soon came back, laden with the gains of their labour, which they had kindly destined for the sustenance of their infant broods.

The little redbreasts were now spectators of those parental agonies which had been formerly described to them ; and Pecksy cried out, 'Who would desire to live in this grove, after having experienced the comforts of the orchard ?' Dicky and Flapsy were anxious to depart, being alarmed for their own safety. 'No,' said the father, 'let us stay a little longer : now we will go on.'



1. The first of these is the  
fact that the demand for  
the product is not constant  
but varies with the season.

2. The second is the fact that  
the cost of production is not  
constant but varies with the  
quantity produced.

3. The third is the fact that  
the market for the product is  
not perfect but is imperfect  
in the sense that the price  
paid by the consumer is not  
the same as the price received  
by the producer.

The law

of supply and demand states  
that the price of a good or  
service is determined by the  
interaction of the forces of  
supply and demand.



TAKING THE LINNETS' NEST—PAGE 122.



Accordingly they took another flight, and saw a man scattering seed upon the ground. 'See there,' said Dicky, 'what fine food that man throws down ; I dare say he is some good creature who is a friend to the feathered race ; shall we alight and partake of his bounty ?'

'Do not form too hasty an opinion, Dicky,' said the father ; 'watch here a little while, and then do as you will.' All the little ones stretched their necks, and kept a curious eye fixed on the man. In a few minutes a number of sparrows, chaffinches, and linnets descended, and began to regale themselves ; but, in the midst of their feast, a net was suddenly cast over them, and they were all taken captives. The man, who was a bird-catcher by profession, called to his assistant, who brought a cage, divided into a number of small partitions, in which the linnets and chaffinches were separately deposited. In this dismal prison, where they had scarcely room to flutter, were those little creatures confined, who lately poured forth their songs of joy, fearless of danger. As for the sparrows, their necks were wrung, and they were put in a bag together. The little redbreasts trembled for themselves, and were in great haste to take wing. 'Stay,' said the father, 'Dicky has not yet made acquaintance with this friend of the feathered race.' 'No,' said Dicky, 'nor do I desire it ; defend me, and all who are dear to me, from such friends as these !' 'Well,' said the father, 'learn from this instance, never to form a hasty judgment, nor to put yourself into the power of strangers, who offer you favours you have no right to expect from their hands.'

'Indeed, my love,' said the mother-bird, 'I am very anxious to get home ; I have not lately been used to be long absent from it, and every excursion I make endears it to me. 'Oh, the day is



not half spent,' replied her mate ; 'and I hope that, for the gratification of the little ones, you will consent to complete the ramble. Come, let us visit another part of the grove ; I am acquainted with its inmost recesses.' His mate acquiesced, and they proceeded on their journey.

At length the father hastily called out, 'Turn this way! turn this way!' The whole party obeyed the word of command, and found the good effects of their obedience ; for, in an instant, they saw a flash of fire ; a thick smoke followed it, and immediately they heard a dreadful sound, and saw a young redstart fall bleeding to the ground, on which he struggled just long enough to cry, 'Oh, my dear father, why did I not listen to your kind admonitions, which I now find, too late, were the dictates of tenderness!' and then expired.

The little redbreasts were struck with consternation at this dreadful accident ; and Pecksy, who recovered the soonest, begged her father would inform her by what means the redstart was killed. 'He was shot to death,' said he ; 'and had you not followed my directions, it might have been the fate of every one of you ; therefore, let it be a lesson to you to follow every injunction of your parents with the same readiness for the future.

'You may depend on it, our experience teaches us to foresee many dangers which such young creatures as you have no notion of ; and when we desire you to do or to forbear anything, it is for the sake of your safety and advantage ; therefore, Dicky, never more stand, as you sometimes have done, asking why we tell you to do so and so ; for had that been the case now, you, who were in a direct line with the gunner, would have been inevitably shot.'

They all said they would pay implicit obedience. 'Do so,'

said he ; 'but in order to this, you must also remember to practise, in our absence, what we enjoin you when present. For instance, some kinds of food are very prejudicial to your health, which we would not, on any account, let you taste when we are by ; these you must not indulge in when away from us, whatever any other bird may say in recommendation of them. Neither must you engage in any dangerous enterprise, which others, who have natural strength or acquired agility, go through with safety ; nor should you go to any places which we have pointed out as dangerous, nor join any companions we have forbidden you to make acquaintance with.

'This poor redstart might have avoided his fate ; for I heard his father, when I was last in the grove, advise him not to fly about by himself till he had shown him the dangers of the world.'

Pecksy answered that she knew the value of parental instruction so well, that she should certainly treasure up in her heart every maxim of it ; and the others promised to do the same. 'But,' said Flapsy, 'I cannot understand the nature of the accident which occasioned the death of the redstart.'


'Neither can I explain it to you, my dear,' replied the father. 'I only know that it is a very common practice with some men to carry instruments, from which they discharge something which proves fatal to many a bird ; but I have, by attentive observation, learnt how to evade the mischief. But come, let us descend and refresh ourselves a little, as we may do it with safety ; and then we will see if we cannot find a place where you can have amusement, without being exposed to such dangers as attend the inhabitants of woods and groves.'

‘Are you sufficiently rested to take a pretty long flight?’ ‘Oh, yes,’ cried Dicky, who was quite eager to leave the spot in which, a short time before, he had longed to pass his life. The rest joined in the same wish, and every wing was instantly expanded.



## CHAPTER XXIV.

*The flight further extended—The Aviary, and laments of the Captives—Return to the Nest in the Orchard.*

HE father led the way, and in a very short time he and his family arrived at the estate of a gentleman, who, having a plentiful fortune, endeavoured to collect all that was curious in art and nature, for the amusement of his own mind and the gratification of others. He had a house like a palace, furnished with every expensive rarity ; his gardens, to which the redbreasts took their flight, were laid out in such a manner as to afford the most delightful variety to the eye.

Amongst other articles of taste was an aviary, which was built like a temple, enclosed with brass wire ; the framework was painted green, and ornamented with gilt carving ; in the middle a fountain continually threw up fresh water, which fell into a basin whose brink was enamelled with flowers ; at one end were partitions for birds' nests, and troughs containing various kinds of seeds, and materials for building nests. This part was carefully sheltered from every inclemency of the weather. Numbers of perches were placed in different parts of the aviary, and it was surrounded by a most beautiful shrubbery.

A habitation like this, in which all the conveniences of life seemed to be collected, where abundance was supplied without toil

where each gay songster might sing himself to repose in the midst of ease and plenty, safe from the dangers of the woods, appeared to our young travellers desirable beyond all the situations in the world ; and Dicky expressed an earnest wish to be admitted into it. 'Well,' said the father, 'let us not determine hastily ; it will be advisable first to inquire whether its inhabitants are really happy before you make interest to become one of the number ; place yourselves by me on this shrub, and whilst we rest ourselves we shall have an opportunity of seeing what passes.'

The first bird that attracted their notice was a dove, who sat cooing by himself in a corner, in accents so gentle and sweet, that a stranger to his language would have listened to them with delight ; but the redbreasts, who understood their import, heard them with sympathetic concern.

'Oh, my dear, my beloved mate,' said he, 'am I then divided from you for ever ? What avails it that I am furnished here with all the elegancies and luxuries of life ? Deprived of your company, I have no enjoyment of them ; the humblest morsel, though gained with toil and danger, would be infinitely preferable to me, if shared with you. Here am I shut up for the remainder of my days, in society for which I have no relish ; whilst she who has hitherto been the beloved partner of all my joys is for ever separated from me ! In vain will you, with painful wing, pursue your anxious search in quest of me ; never, never more shall I bring you the welcome refreshment ; never shall I hear your soothing voice, and delight in the soft murmurs of the infant pair which you hatched with such care, and nursed with such tenderness ! No, my beloved nestlings, never will your wretched father be at liberty to guide your flight and instruct you in your duty.' Here his voice faltered,



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THE UNHAPPY DOVE—PAGE 128.





and, overcome with bitter reflections, he resigned himself a prey to silent sorrow.

'This dove is not happy, however,' said the hen-redbreast to her mate, 'and no wonder. But let us attend to the notes of that lark.' His eyes were turned up towards the sky, he fluttered his wings, he strained his throat, and would to a human eye have appeared in raptures of joy; but the redbreasts perceived that he was in violent grief. 'And am I to be constantly confined in this horrid place?' sang he. 'Is my upward flight to be impeded by bars and wires? Must I no longer soar towards the bright luminary, and make the arch of heaven resound with my singing? Shall I cease to be the herald of the morn, or must I be so in this contracted sphere? No, ye partners of my captivity, henceforth sleep on and take ignoble rest, and may you lose in slumber the remembrance of past pleasures. O cruel and unjust man! was it not enough that I proclaimed the approach of day, that I soothed your sultry hours, that I heightened the delights of evening, but must I, to gratify your unfeeling wantonness, be secluded from every joy my heart holds dear, and condemned to a situation I detest? Take your delicious dainties, reserve your flowing stream for those who can relish them, but give me liberty! But why do I address myself to you who are heedless of my misery?' Here, casting an indignant look around, he stopped his song.

'What think you now, Dicky,' said the redbreast; 'have you as high an idea of the happiness of this place as you conceived at the first view of it?' 'I cannot help thinking still,' replied Dicky, 'that it is a charming retreat, and that it must be very comfortable to have everything provided for one's use.' 'Well,' said the father, 'let us move and observe those linnets who are building their nest.'

Accordingly they flew to a tree, the branches of which formed a part of the shelter of the aviary, where they easily heard, without being themselves observed, all that passed in it.

‘Come,’ said one of the linnets, ‘let us go on with our work and finish the nest, though it will be rather a melancholy task to hatch a set of little prisoners. How different was the case when we could anticipate the pleasure of rearing a family to all the joys of liberty! Men, it is true, now supply us, with officious care, with the necessary materials, and we make a very good nest; but I protest I had much rather be at the trouble of seeking them. What pleasure have we experienced in plucking a bit of wool from a sheep’s back, in searching for moss, in selecting the best feather where numbers were left to our choice, in stopping to rest on the top of a tree which commanded an extensive prospect, in joining a choir of songsters whom we accidentally met! But now, our days pass with repeated sameness; variety, so necessary to give a relish to all enjoyment, is wanting. Instead of the songs of joy we formerly heard from every spray, our ears are constantly annoyed with the sound of mournful lamentations, transports of rage, or murmurs of discontent. Could we reconcile ourselves to the loss of liberty, it is impossible to be happy here, unless we could harden our hearts to every sympathetic feeling.’

‘True,’ said his mate; ‘yet I am resolved to try what patience, resignation, and employment will effect; and hope, as our young ones will never know what liberty is, they will not pine as we do for it.’ Saying this, she picked up a straw, her mate followed her example, and they pursued their work.

At this instant, a hen-goldfinch brought forth her brood, who were full fledged. ‘Come,’ said she, ‘my nestlings, use your

wings ; I will teach you to fly in all directions.' So saying, the little ones divided, one flew upwards ; but emulous to outdo a little sparrow, which was flying in the air above the aviary, he hit himself against the wires of the dome, and would have fallen to the bottom, but that he was stopped by one of the perches.

As soon as he recovered, 'Why cannot I soar as I see other birds do ?' said he.

'Alas !' cried the mother, 'we are in a place of confinement ; we are shut up, and can never get out ; but here is food in abundance, and every other necessary.'

'Never get out,' exclaimed the whole brood ; 'then adieu to happiness !' She attempted to soothe them, but in vain.

The little redbreasts rejoiced in their liberty ; and Dicky gave up the desire of living in the aviary, and wished to be gone. 'Stop,' said the father, 'let us first hear what those canary-birds are saying.'

The canary-birds had almost completed their nest. 'How fortunate is our lot,' said the hen-bird, 'in being placed in this aviary ! How preferable is it to the small cage we built in last year !' 'Yes,' replied her mate : 'yet how comfortable was that, in comparison with the still smaller ones in which we were once separately confined ! For my part, I have no wish to fly abroad, for I should neither know what to do, nor where to go ; and it shall be my endeavour to inspire my young ones with the same sentiments I feel. Indeed, we owe the highest gratitude to those who make such kind provision for a set of foreigners, who have no resources but their bounty ; and my best lays shall be devoted to them. Nothing is wanting to complete the happiness of this place, but to have other kinds of birds excluded. Poor creatures ! it must

be very mortifying to them to be shut up here, and see others of their kind enjoying full freedom. No wonder they are perpetually quarrelling ; for my part, I sincerely pity them, and am ready to submit, from a principle of compassion, to the occasional insults and affronts I meet with.'

'You now perceive, Dicky,' said the cock-redbreast, 'that this place is not, as you supposed, the region of perfect happiness ; you may also observe, that it is not the abode of universal wretchedness.

'It is by no means desirable to be shut up for life, let the place of confinement be ever so splendid ; but should it at any time be your lot to be caught and imprisoned, which may possibly be the case, adopt the sentiments of the linnet and the canary-birds ; employment will pass away many an hour that will be a heavy load if spent in grief and anxiety ; and reflections on the blessings and comforts that are still in your power, will lessen your regret for those which are lost. But come, pick up some of the seeds which are scattered on the outside of the aviary, for that is no robbery, and then return to the orchard.' Saying this, he alighted on the ground, as did his mate and their family, where they met with a plentiful repast in the provisions which had been accidentally scattered by the person whose employment it was to bring food for the inhabitants of the aviary.

When the Robins had sufficiently regaled themselves, all parties gladly returned to the nest, and every heart rejoiced in the possession of liberty and peace.

## CHAPTER XXV.

*The Redbreasts send their Young to provide for themselves, and depart—*

*Mrs. Benson's remarks.*

**F**OR three successive days nothing remarkable happened either at Mrs. Benson's or in the redbreasts' nest. The little family came to the breakfast-table, and Robin recovered from his accident, though not sufficiently to fly well ; but Dicky, Flapsy, and Pecksy continued so healthy, and improved so fast, that they required no further care ; and the third morning after this tour to the grove, etc., they did not commit the least error. When they retired from the parlour into the court-yard, to which Robin accompanied them, the father expressed great delight that they were at length able to provide for themselves.

And now a wonderful change took place in his own heart. The ardent affection for his young, which had hitherto made him, for their sakes, patient of toil, and fearless of danger, was on a sudden quenched ; but, from the goodness of his disposition, he still felt a kind solicitude for their future welfare ; and, calling them around him, he thus addressed them :

'You must be sensible, my dear young ones, that, from the time you left the egg-shell till the present instant, both your

mother and I have nourished you with the tenderest love. We have taught you all the arts of life which are necessary to procure you subsistence and preserve you from danger. We have shown you a variety of characters in the different classes of birds, and pointed out those which are to be shunned. You must now take care of yourselves ; but, before we part, let me repeat my admonition to use industry, avoid contention, cultivate peace, and be contented with your condition. You, Robin, I would advise, on account of your infirmity, to attach yourself to the family where you have been so kindly cherished.'

While he thus spake, his mate stood by ; who, finding the same change beginning to take place in her own breast, viewed her young ones with tender regret ; and, when he ceased, cried out 'Adieu, ye dear objects of my late cares and anxiety ! May ye never more stand in need of a mother's assistance ! Though nature now dismisses me from the arduous task which I have long daily performed, I rejoice not, but would gladly continue my toil, for the sake of its attendant pleasures. Oh ! delightful sentiments of maternal love, how can I part with you ? Let me, my nestlings, give you a last embrace.' Then spreading her wings, she folded them successively to her bosom, and instantly recovered her tranquillity.

The old redbreasts, having now only themselves to provide for, resolved to be no longer burdensome to their benefactors ; and, after pouring forth their gratitude in the most lively strains, they took their flight together, resolving never to separate.

The first morning that the old redbreasts were missing from Mrs. Benson's breakfast-table, Frederick and his sister were greatly alarmed for their safety ; but their mother said she was of opinion that they had left their nestlings, as it was the nature of animals

in general to dismiss their young as soon as they were able to provide for themselves. 'That is very strange,' replied Harriet. 'No, my dear,' said Mrs. Benson, 'it is wisely ordained by Providence, that the parents' love shall continue no longer than their offspring want their care ; were it otherwise, they would be prevented from rearing a new family, by the wants of the older broods. Whilst the weakness of their young requires it, they attend them with the anxiety of the tenderest parent ; but once the nestlings are strong enough to provide for themselves, instinct directs them to prepare their nest for a new family, to whom they may show the same affection.' 'Well, I wonder,' said Harriet, 'what would become of my brother and me, were you and papa to serve us so !'

'And is a boy of six, or a girl of eleven years old, capable of providing for themselves ?' said her mother. 'No, my dear child, you have need of a much longer continuance of your parents' care than birds and other animals ; and therefore God has ordained that parental affection, when once awakened, should always remain in the human breast, unless extinguished by the undutiful behaviour of a child.'

At that instant the young ones arrived, and met with a very joyful reception. The amusement they afforded to Frederick reconciled him to the loss of their parents ; but Harriet declared she could not help being sorry that they were gone. 'I shall, for the future,' said she, 'take great notice of animals ; for I have had much entertainment in observing these robins.' 'I highly approve your resolution, my dear,' said Mrs. Benson, 'and hope the occasional instruction I have at different times given you, has furnished you with general ideas respecting the proper treatment of animals.'



I will now inform you upon what principles the rules of conduct I prescribe to myself on this subject are founded.

‘I consider that the same almighty and good God, who created mankind, made all other living creatures likewise ; and appointed them their different ranks in the creation, that they might form together a community, receiving and conferring reciprocal benefits.

‘There is no doubt that the Almighty designed all beings for happiness, proportional to the faculties He has endued them with : and whoever wantonly destroys that happiness, acts contrary to the will of his Maker.

‘The world we live in seems to have been principally designed for the use and comfort of mankind, who, by the Divine appointment, have dominion over the inferior creatures ; in the exercise of which it is certainly their duty to imitate the supreme Lord of the universe, by being merciful to the utmost of their power. They are endued with reason, which enables them to discover the different natures of brutes, the faculties they possess, and how they may be made serviceable in the world ; and as many of the more useful animals are indebted to men for the necessaries of life, men have an undoubted right to their labour in return.

‘Several other kinds of animals, which are sustained at the expense of mankind, cannot labour for them ; from such they have a natural claim to whatever they can supply towards the food and raiment of their benefactors ; and therefore, when we take the wool and milk of the flocks and herds, we take no more than our due, and what they can very well spare : as they seem to have an overabundance given them, that they may be able to return their obligations to us.

‘Some creatures have nothing to give us but their own bodies :

these have been expressly destined by the Supreme Governor as food for mankind, and He has appointed an extraordinary increase of them for this very purpose ; such an increase as would be very injurious to us if all were suffered to live. These we have an undoubted right to kill ; but should make their short lives as comfortable as we can, and let their deaths be attended with as little pain as possible.

‘ Other creatures seem to be of no particular use to mankind ; but as they serve to furnish our minds with contemplations on the wisdom, power, and goodness of God, no doubt they answer important ends in the creation, though we cannot see them. They should not be wantonly killed, nor treated with the least degree of cruelty, but should be at full liberty to enjoy the blessings assigned them ; unless they abound to such a degree as to become injurious, by devouring the food which is destined for man, or for animals more beneficial to him, whom it is his duty to protect.

‘ Some animals, such as wild beasts, serpents, etc., are in their nature ferocious, noxious, and venomous, and capable of injuring the health, or even destroying the lives of men, or other creatures of a higher rank than themselves : these, if they leave the secret abodes which are allotted them, and become offensive, certainly may with justice be killed.’


While Mrs. Benson was giving these instructions to her daughter, Frederick diverted himself with the young redbreasts, who having no kind parents now to admonish them, made a longer visit than usual ; so that Mrs. Benson would have been obliged to drive them away, had not Pecksy, on seeing her move from her seat, recollected that she and her brother and sister had been

guilty of an impropriety ; she therefore reminded them that they should no longer intrude, and led the way out of the window ; the others followed her, and Mrs. Benson gave permission to her children to take their morning's walk before they began their lessons.



## CHAPTER XXVI.

*The End.*

S the old robins, who were the hero and heroine of my tale, are made happy, it is time for me to put an end to it ; but my young readers will doubtless wish to know the sequel of the history ; I shall therefore inform them of it in as few words as possible.

Harriet followed her mother's precepts and examples, and grew up a general benefactress to all people, and all creatures, with whom she was in any way connected.

Frederick was educated upon the same plan, and was never known to be cruel to animals or to treat them with an improper

degree of fondness ; he was also remarkable for his benevolence, so as to deserve and obtain the character of a good man.

Miss Lucy Jenkins was quite reformed by Mrs. Benson's lecture, and her friend's example ; but her brother continued his practice of exercising barbarities on a variety of unfortunate animals, till he went to school ; where, having no opportunity of doing so, he gratified his malignant disposition on his schoolfellows, and made it his diversion to pull their hair, and pinch and tease the younger boys ; and by the time he became a man, had so hardened his heart, that no kind of distress affected him, nor did he care for any person but himself ; consequently he was despised by all with whom he had any intercourse. In this manner he lived for several years ; at length, as he was inhumanly beating and spurring a horse, merely because it did not go at a faster pace than it was able to do, the poor creature, in its efforts to avoid his blows, threw his barbarous rider, and he was killed on the spot.

Farmer Wilson's prosperity increased with every succeeding year ; and at last afforded him the means of settling his children comfortably in the world : he and his wife lived to a good old age, beloved and respected by all who knew them.

The parent redbreasts visited their kind benefactors the next winter ; but, as they were flying along one day, they saw some crumbs of bread which had been scattered by Miss Lucy Jenkins, who, as I observed before, had adopted the sentiments of her friend in respect of compassion to animals, and resolved to imitate her in every excellence. The redbreasts gratefully picked up the crumbs, and, encouraged by the gentleness of her looks, determined to repeat their visits, which they accordingly did, and found such an ample supply, that they thought it more advisable to go to her

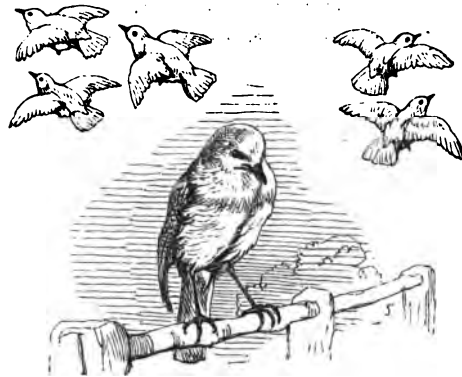
with their next brood than to be burdensome to their old benefactors, who had a great number of pensioners to support ; but Frederick and Harriet Benson had frequently the pleasure of seeing them, and knew them from all their species by several peculiarities, which so long an acquaintance had given them the opportunity of observing.

Robin, in pursuance of his father's advice, and agreeably to his own inclinations, attached himself to Mrs. Benson's family, where he was an exceedingly great favourite. He had before, under the conduct of his parents, made frequent excursions into the garden, and was, by their direction, enabled to get up into trees, but his wing never recovered sufficiently to enable him to take long flights; however, he found himself at liberty to do as he pleased ; and, during the summer months, he commonly passed most of his time abroad, and roosted in trees, but visited the breakfast-table every morning, and there he usually met his sister Pecksy, who took up her abode in the orchard, where she enjoyed the friendship of her father and mother. Dicky and Flapsy, who thought their company too grave, flew giddily about together. In a short time they were both caught in a trap cage, and put into the aviary which Dicky once longed to inhabit. Here they were at first very miserable ; but after a while recollecting their good parent's advice, and the example of the linnets, they at length reconciled themselves to their lot, and each met with a mate, with whom they lived tolerably happy.

Happy would it be for the animal creation if every human being, like good Mrs. Benson, consulted the welfare of inferior creatures, and neither spoiled them by indulgence, nor injured them by tyranny ! Happy would mankind be, if every one, like

her, acted in conformity to the will of their Maker, by cultivating in their own minds, and those of their children, the divine principles of general benevolence.

From the foregoing examples, I hope my young readers will select the best for their own imitation, and take warning by the rest, otherwise the history of the Robins has been written in vain.



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